

## **SlimFlex**

### **Water Treatment Controller For Cooling Towers**

Measures Conductivity, pH, Temperature,  
Make-up Water Meter and Flowswitch

Controls the Bleed Solenoid,  
Inhibitor, Acid and Biocide Pumps

Includes **CTF**, Conductivity-Temperature-Flowswitch  
and **pH** Sensors

**Part No. CO-IN-PH-TB**

## CONTENTS

### Safety

#### 1. INSTALLATION

- 1.1 Sample Piping
- 1.2 Controller Enclosure
- 1.3 Sensors – Conductivity & pH
- 1.4 Sensors – Water Meter & Flowswitch
- 1.5 Pumps and Bleed Solenoid

#### 2. START-UP

- 2.1 Power-up Display & Keypad
- 2.2 Bleed Mode: Conductivity Setpoints
- 2.3 Inhibitor Feed Mode: Setpoints, Feed Limits
- 2.4 Acid: Setpoints, Feed Limit
- 2.5 Verify Conductivity & pH Sensors
- 2.6 Check Flowswitch & Install Water Meter
- 2.7 Plug-in Pumps and Bleed Solenoid
- 2.8 Check Controls

#### 3. OPERATION

- 3.1 Conductivity Sensor
- 3.2 Bleed Controls
- 3.3 pH Sensor
- 3.4 Acid Controls
- 3.5 Make-up Meter
- 3.6 Inhibitor Controls
- 3.7 Biocide Events
- 3.8 System – Alarms
- 3.9 Password

#### 4. MAINTENANCE

- 4.1 Guidelines
- 4.2 Spare Parts
- 3.10 4.3 Technical Support

#### APPENDICES

- A. INSTALL
- B. SPECIFICATIONS
- C. HARDWIRING
- D. 'CL' 4-20mA OUTPUT Option
- E. 'AR' ALARM RELAY Option
- F. 'LB' LAN - BROWSER Option

## Safety



### Electrical Shock Hazard

Removing the lower enclosure cover with the controller plugged in, exposes the user to AC line voltages.

There are no user serviceable parts behind the upper enclosure cover; do not remove.

All connections to building electrical systems must be installed by qualified personnel in accordance with local requirements.



### USER WARNING : CAUTION

Cooling Tower Water Treatment Controllers operate 120VAC bleed solenoids & pumps and may pump hazardous, corrosive and toxic chemicals.

Opening the controller enclosure exposes user to the risk of electrical shock at power line voltages.

Understand fully the implications of the control setpoints, feed limits and alarms that you select. Harm to personnel and damage to equipment may result from mis-application.

Unplug or turn OFF the AC power to the controller if you have any concerns regarding safety or incorrect controller operation and notify supervisory staff.

### YOUR CONTROLLER

Controllers are supplied with default bleed and feed and oxidant pump setpoints that will not be applicable to your cooling tower.

Select control modes, adjust setpoints and set biocide pump timing for your site and its water treatment program.

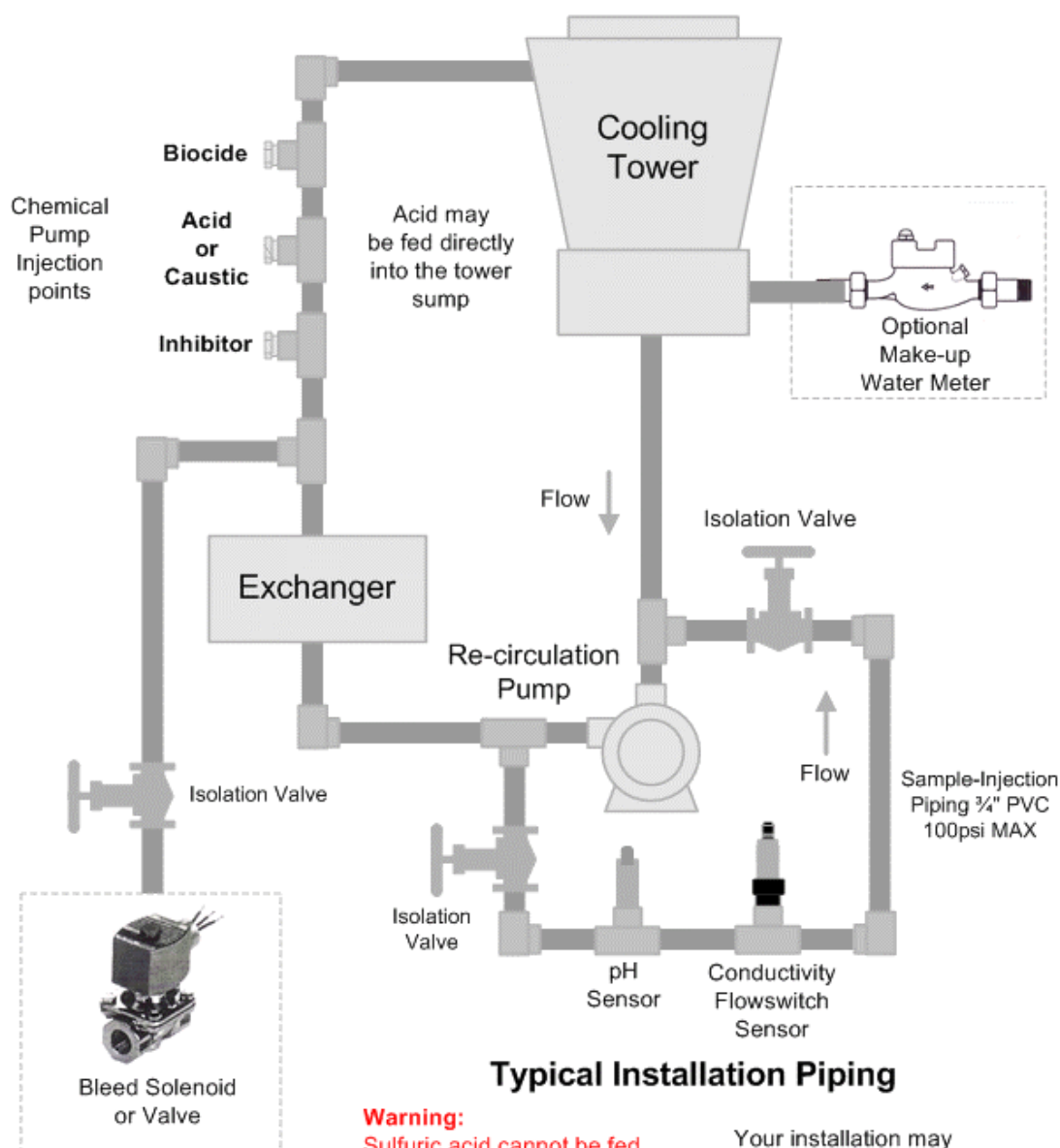
## 1. INSTALLATION

### 1.1 Sample Piping

Controller includes sensors and  $\frac{3}{4}$ " PVC sensor entry fittings.

if you have not previously installed this type controller, read **Appendix A: INSTALL** for plumbing and wiring guidelines

**CAUTION:** Do not exceed 100psi on pH sensor or flowswitch.  
Always close upstream isolation valves first.



**Warning:**  
Sulfuric acid cannot be fed into PVC piping.  
Use a quill rated for acid injection.  
Comply with quill vendors recommended installation

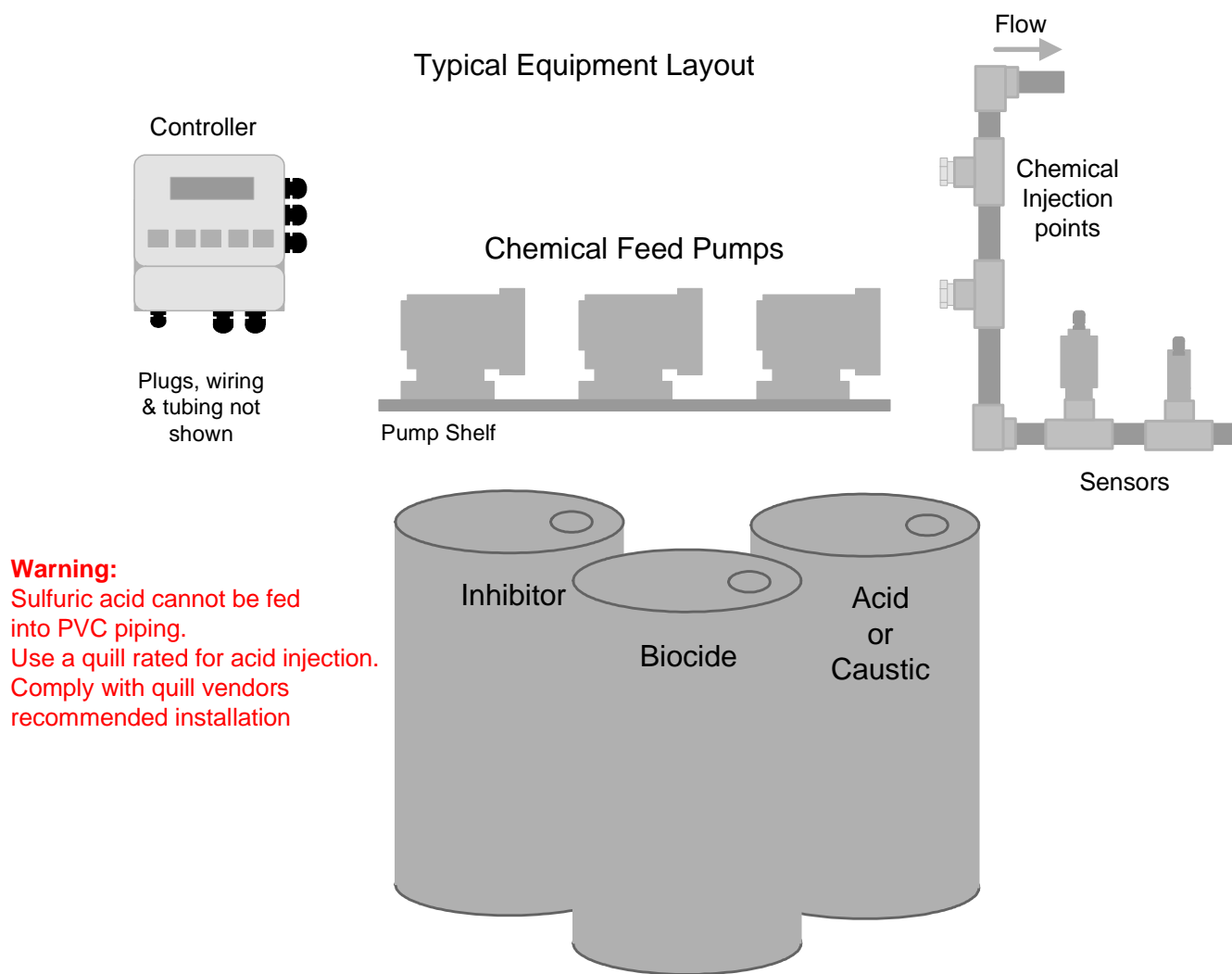
Your installation may not include a make-up meter.

Smaller towers place the sensors in the tower re-circulation line.

## 1.2 Controller Enclosure

Remove the lower, controller enclosure cover.

Hang the controller on a single #8-#10 screw located 60", 150cm. above the floor  
Install the bottom left & right mounting screws through the existing enclosure holes located behind the lower cover.



**Warning:**  
Sulfuric acid cannot be fed into PVC piping.  
Use a quill rated for acid injection.  
Comply with quill vendors recommended installation

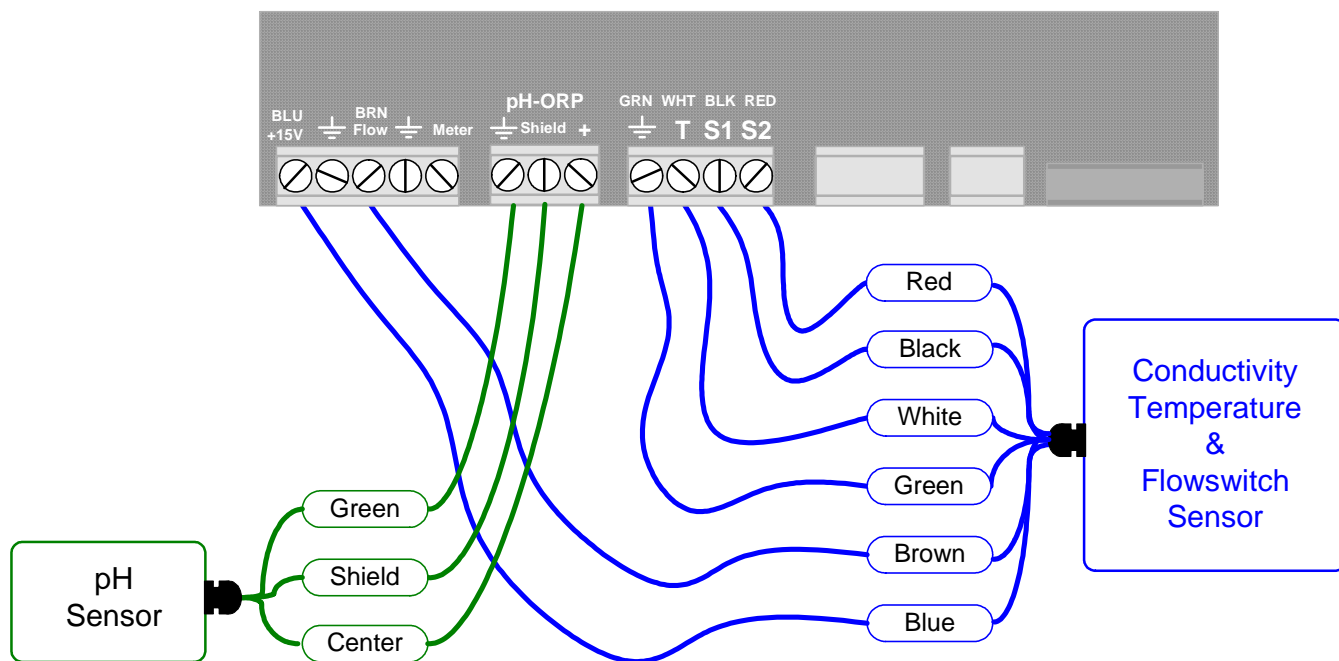
Although sensor cables and pump tubing may be extended, ease of servicing occurs when water treatment components are located in the same area.

Ensure that the lower enclosure cover is installed when not terminating sensor and water meter wiring.

### 1.3 Sensors – Conductivity & pH

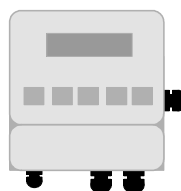
After installing the conductivity and pH sensors, open the sample piping downstream valve,  
then the upstream valve.  
Verify that both sensor entries seal, leak and drip free

Controllers are supplied with sensors and optional flowswitch pre-wired.  
The following graphic details connection points for sensors.



pH sensors include a coaxial cable with tinned ends & a sensor entry 'T' with **GREEN** solution ground

#### Controller



Controllers are supplied with the Sensors prewired

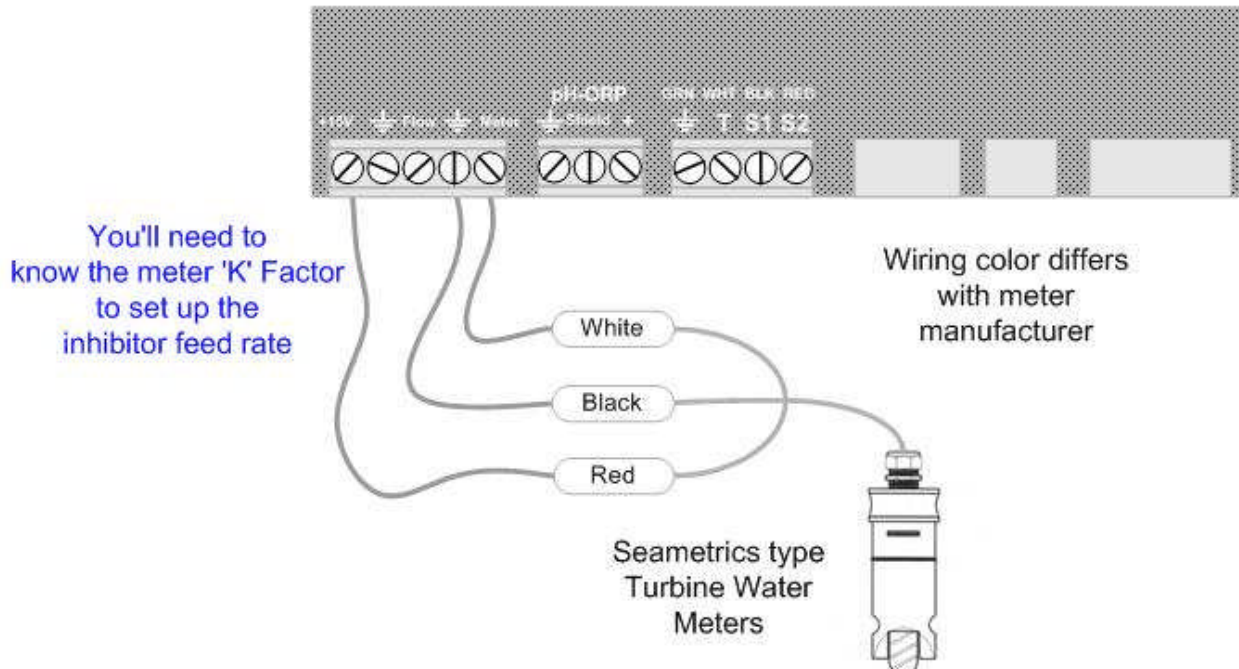
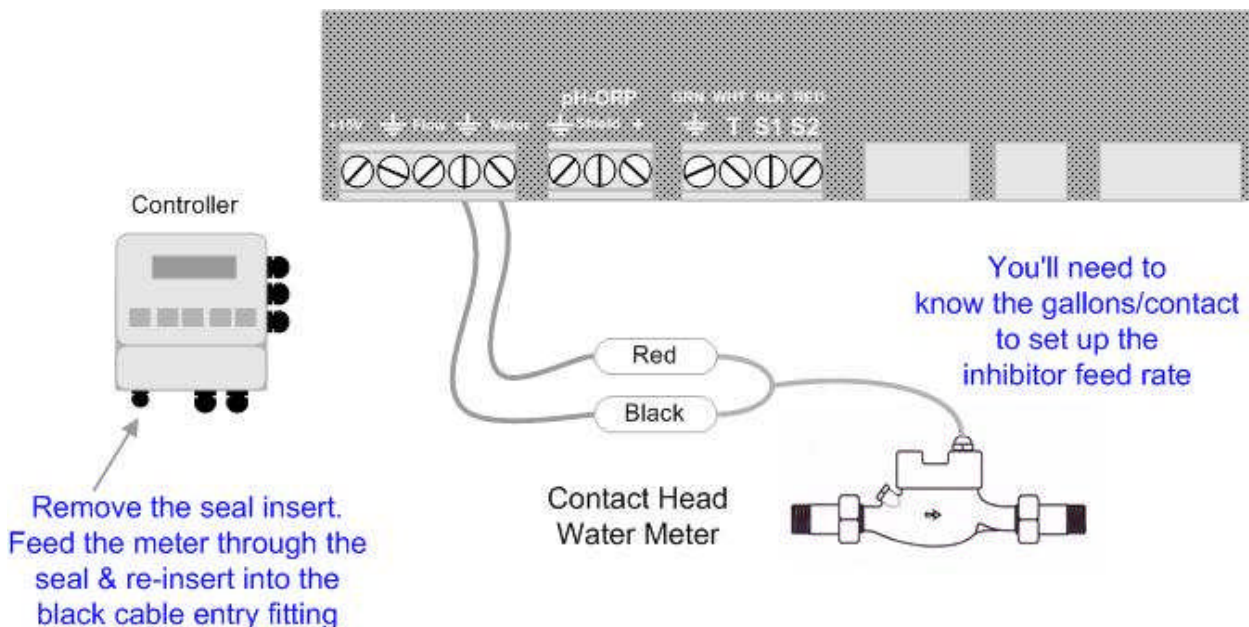
Feed the sensor cable through the entry seal & tighten the seal

**Flowswitch Alternative:** A dry contact set, closed when there is flow past the sensors may be used as an operating interlock in place of the flowswitch built into the conductivity sensor.

Disconnect the **BROWN Flow** wire and connect the alternative flowswitch to the **Flow** and adjacent **Ground** terminals.

## 1.4 Sensors – Water Meter

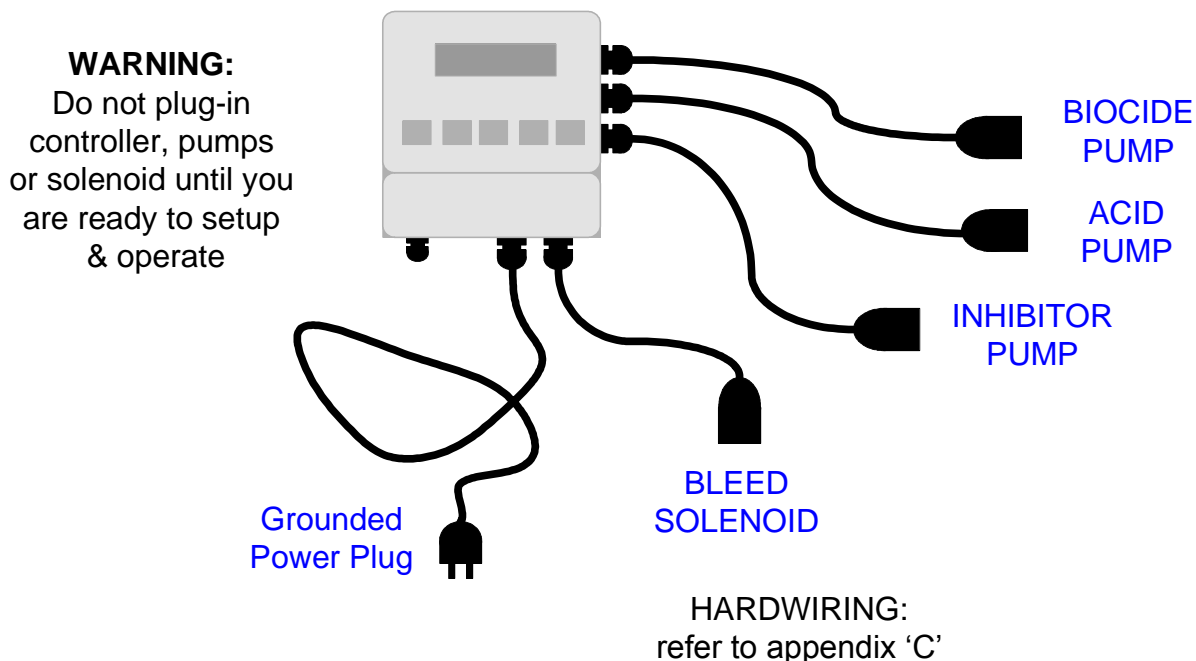
Refer to manufacturer's recommendations on meter orientation and upstream and downstream piping. Extend meter cables with AWG22, 2 or 3 conductor.



Do not install meter cabling in the same conduit at AC power wiring.

## 1.5 Pumps & Bleed Solenoid

The controller supplies the AC power for the pumps and solenoid. Controller relays switch power to pumps and the solenoid, fused at a maximum of 5 Amps.



**START-UP** *BEFORE you plug-in pumps and bleed solenoid.*

**A:** Plug-in the controller.

**B:** Set control modes and setpoints.

**C:** Set the feed limits on the inhibitor and acid pumps.

**D:** Verify that the sensors are reading correctly and set the alarms.

**E:** If you are using a water meter; force make-up and verify that meter is measuring the expected volume.

**F:** Verify that the flowswitch is working.

An overview of system operation is available in the **Yearly** section of 4.1 Maintenance.



## 2. START-UP

### 2.1 Power-up Display & Keypad

**UP & DOWN** to view options  
or to EDIT numbers



Move **RIGHT** to select next  
field when EDITing



**ENTER** to select an option  
& to execute EDITing



**EXIT** to escape option,  
info display or EDITing



#### Enclosure keypad Response

**UP or DOWN** to the  
display you wish to  
view or EDIT  
& press **ENTER**

Day of Week & current time

Press ENTER for Controller Diagnostic, Clock,  
System configure, US-Metric set

Thu 16:54:10  
S/N: T041T0486



Press ENTER to clear Alarms

Alarms  
none



Current Conductivity sensor value

Press ENTER for Conductivity Calibrate & Alarms

Conductivity  
1425 uS



Solenoid ON or OFF and ON time today

Press ENTER for Bleed Setpoints, Mode, Test, End Prebleed  
or Lockout and Current State

Bleed Solenoid  
ON 25.6min



Current pH sensor value

Press ENTER for pH Calibrate & Alarms

pH Sensor  
8.14 pH



Acid ON or OFF and ON time today

Press ENTER for Acid Setpoints, Feed Mode, Limit Timer,  
Prime Pump and Current State

Acid Pump  
ON 14.6min



## 2.1 Power-up Display & Keypad continued

Water meter measured volume from midnight Press ENTER to Install, Select type, View year-to-date & days on-line	<div>Make-up Today 10450 G</div> <div>↓↑</div>
Inhibitor Pump ON or OFF and ON time today Press ENTER for Inhibitor Setpoints, Feed Mode, Limit Timer, Prime Pump and Current State	<div>Inhibitor Pump ON 9.2min</div> <div>↓↑</div>
Flowswitch ON or OFF and ON time today	<div>Flowswitch ON 780.6min</div> <div>↓↑</div>
Biocide Pump ON or OFF and ON time today & Cycle Day Press ENTER for Add, Edit & Delete Events, Prebleed, Lockout, Prime Pump, Cycle Days and Current State	<div>Biocide Day 5 OFF 30.0min</div> <div>↓↑</div>
If there are no options installed you'll view the power-up display	<div>Thu 16:54:10 S/N: T041X0486</div>
LAN –Browser Option Displays current IP – see Appendix F, 'LAN'	<div>LAN IP 10.10.6.106</div> <div>OR</div>
4-20mA Output Option Displays loop current – see Appendix D, '4-20mA OUTPUT' for User Manual	<div>4-20mA Output 15.4mA</div> <div>OR</div>
Alarm Relay Option Displays relay state – see Appendix E, 'ALARM RELAY' for User Manual	<div>Alarm Relay Closed</div>

## 2.2 Bleed Mode: Conductivity Setpoints

The factory default is 'Bleed on Conductivity'  
Refer to 3.2 *Bleed Controls*  
to select one of three Bleed Modes

Press UP or DOWN until you see  
'Bleed Solenoid' & press ENTER

Bleed Solenoid ←↵  
ON 564.2min



Press ENTER to view or adjust Setpoints

Setpoints ←↵  
Bleed Mode ↓



Displays current bleed setpoints,  
Varies with Bleed Mode

Turn ON 1150 ←↵  
TurnOFF 1140 ↓



Press ENTER adjust Turn ON,  
or DOWN & ENTER for TurnOFF

Edit & Enter →↕  
Turn ON 1180 →↕



Press UP-DOWN to adjust and RIGHT to move the cursor.  
Press EXIT to leave the Setpoints unchanged

Press ENTER, displays current setpoints.

Turn ON 1180 ←↵  
TurnOFF 1140 ↓

If you make Turn ON less than TurnOFF,  
the setpoints will be switched.

**Sidebar:** The difference between Turn ON & TurnOFF, the 'deadband', is usually set to 10uS. If you are watching the tower conductivity as the sump float turns the make-up water ON & OFF, you'll observe the operational deadband exceeds 10uS.

Delays in starting and stopping the make-up due to sump float trip points, increases the operational deadband beyond the controller ON-OFF setpoints.

## 2.3 Inhibitor Feed Mode: Setpoints, Feed Limits

The factory default is 'Bleed & Feed'

Refer to 3.6 *Inhibitor Controls*  
to select one of four Feed Modes

Press UP or DOWN until you see  
'Inhibitor Pump' & press ENTER

Inhibitor Pump ↵  
ON 48.1min



Press ENTER to view or adjust Setpoints

Setpoints ↵  
Feed Mode ↓



Displays current feed setpoints,  
Inhibitor will be on for 32% of the time that the Bleed  
Solenoid is ON; 96 seconds in every 5 minutes

Bleed & Feed ↵  
32% each 5min



Press ENTER adjust % of Bleed Time,

Edit & Enter ↵  
30% each 5min →↕

Press UP-DOWN to adjust and RIGHT to move the cursor.  
Press EXIT to leave the Setpoint unchanged



Press ENTER, displays current setpoint,  
90 seconds in every 5 minutes

Bleed & Feed ↵  
30% each 5min ↓

**Sidebar:** Bleed & Feed is the most common, but usually not the best way to feed inhibitor.

If you are not bleed limited, use Bleed then Feed mode to reduce inhibitor use.

If you are using a make-up water meter to control inhibitor feed, the controller will delay feeding when the bleed valve is ON to avoid pumping inhibitor down the drain.

## 2.3 Inhibitor Feed Mode: Setpoints, Feed Limits continued

The Inhibitor feed limit timer turns OFF the inhibitor pump to prevent overfeeding.

The factory default feed limit 180 Minutes/Day.

Press UP or DOWN until you see  
'Inhibitor Pump' & press ENTER.

Inhibitor Pump ←  
ON 48.1min



Press DOWN until Limit Timer.  
Press ENTER to view or adjust Limit Timer.

Limit Timer ←  
Prime Pump ↓



Displays feed limit in minutes,  
?157 indexes more explanation @ [www.Aquatrac.com](http://www.Aquatrac.com)

Day Limit ?157  
180 min/day ←



Press ENTER adjust Feed Limit,

Edit & Enter  
210 min/day →↕



Press UP-DOWN to adjust and RIGHT to move the cursor.  
Press EXIT to leave the Feed Limit unchanged

Press ENTER, displays current setpoint,  
210 minutes/day

Day Limit ?157  
210 min/day ←

**HELP: ?157** and other help numbers display wherever more explanation is available at [www.Aquatrac.com](http://www.Aquatrac.com).

If you are using water treatment controls for the first time, the language and application of some of the controller options and settings requires more detail than a 2 line display can deliver.

## 2.4 Acid: Setpoints, Feed Limit

The factory default is 'pH Control'  
Refer to 3.4 *Acid Controls*  
to select one of two Control Modes

Press UP or DOWN until you see 'Acid Pump'.  
The pump is OFF & has been ON for 210.4  
minutes from midnight

Acid Pump	←↵
OFF 210.4min	



Press ENTER.  
Press ENTER to view or adjust Setpoints.

Setpoints	←↵
Feed Mode	↓



Displays current acid feed setpoints.  
Pump turns ON when the pH is above 8.00 pH and OFF  
when the pH is below 7.95 pH

Turn ON	8.00	←↵
TurnOFF	7.95	↓



Press ENTER adjust TurnON,  
or DOWN & ENTER for TurnOFF

Edit & Enter		
Turn ON	8. <u>10</u>	→↕



Press UP-DOWN to adjust and RIGHT to move the cursor.  
Press EXIT to leave the Setpoints unchanged

Press ENTER, displays current setpoints.

Turn ON	8.10	←↵
TurnOFF	7.95	↓

If you make TurnON less than TurnOFF,  
the setpoints will be switched

**Sidebar:** Acid control setpoints are usually set by measuring or estimating the pH at the target cycles of concentration.

If make-up water alkalinity changes, the amount of acid required to maintain the setpoint pH and the acid pump ON times will also change.

## 2.4 Acid: Setpoints, Feed Limit continued

The feed limit timer turns OFF the acid pump  
to prevent overfeeding.

The factory default fed limit is 30 Minutes.

Press UP or DOWN until you see  
'Acid Pump' & press ENTER.

Acid Pump      ↵  
OFF      210.4min



Press DOWN until Limit Timer.  
Press ENTER to view or adjust Limit Timer.

Limit Timer      ↵  
Prime Pump      ↓



Displays feed limit in minutes,  
?244 indexes more explanation @ [www.2eZnet.com](http://www.2eZnet.com)

Limit Timer ?244  
30 minutes      ↵



Press ENTER adjust Feed Limit,

Edit & Enter      ↵  
100 minutes      →↕



Press UP-DOWN to adjust and RIGHT to move the cursor.  
Press EXIT to leave the Feed Limit unchanged

Press ENTER, displays current feed limit,  
100 minutes

Limit Timer ?244  
100 minutes      ↵

**Sidebar:** The pH must be less than the TurnOFF setpoint within the feed limit time in minutes. The limit timer prevents acid overfeeding and resulting corrosion if the pH sensor fouls or fails.

The Limit Time is typically set to 125% to 150% of the longest acid pump run time. Usually the longest run time occurs under highest cooling load.

**Note:**

The Acid feed limit restarts every time the pump turns ON & does not reset at midnight.

Exceeding the feed limit timer may indicate problems with pH sensor or acid feed.

## 2.5 Verify Conductivity &amp; pH Sensors

Open the downstream, then the upstream sample line isolation valves, immersing the conductivity & pH sensors

Press UP or DOWN until you see Day & Time.  
Press ENTER.

Press ENTER & then press ENTER  
to view temperature at the conductivity sensor.

If the GREEN & WHITE wires are connected to the controller terminals, you'll view the current temperature.  
'Fault' indicates a wiring or sensor problem.

'Fault' automatically removes conductivity temperature compensation.  
Key EXIT twice to return to Day & Time

Press DOWN until you see Conductivity.  
Sample the tower water & verify that the displayed conductivity matches the measured conductivity.

Adjust the displayed conductivity by pressing ENTER twice.

Press UP-DOWN to adjust and RIGHT to move the cursor.  
Press EXIT to leave Conductivity unchanged.

You'll see this screen if the sensor is fouled, miswired, not immersed or you keyed incorrectly.  
Press ENTER to ignore or EXIT to return to Factory Default.

?141 indexes more explanation @ [www.2eZnet.com](http://www.2eZnet.com)

Displays the current, calibrated conductivity.

**Verify Temperature**

Thu 16:54:10  
S/N: T041T0486



Current State  
Adjust Clock



Temperature ?101  
87F

**Calibrate Conductivity**

Conductivity  
1425 uS



Calibrate  
Alarms



Edit & ENTER  
1883 uS



Advice ?141  
Fails Calibrate



Conductivity  
1883 uS



## 2.5 Verify Conductivity & pH Sensors

continued

Open the downstream, then the upstream sample line isolation valves, immersing the conductivity & pH sensors

Press UP - DOWN until you see pH Sensor.  
Sample the tower water & verify that the displayed pH matches the measured pH.

Adjust the displayed pH by pressing ENTER twice.

Press UP-DOWN to adjust and RIGHT to move the cursor.  
Press EXIT to leave pH unchanged.

You'll see this screen if the sensor is fouled, miswired, not immersed or you keyed incorrectly.  
Press ENTER to ignore or EXIT to return to Factory Default.

?211 indexes more explanation @ [www.2eZnet.com](http://www.2eZnet.com)

Displays the current, calibrated pH

### Calibrate pH

pH Sensor 7.84 pH



Calibrate Alarms



Edit & ENTER 7.89 pH



Advice ?211 Fails Calibrate



pH Sensor 7.89 pH

**Sidebar:** pH's in cooling towers typically vary from 7.0 to 10.0 with acid feed setpoints typically in the 8.0pH range.

The actual setpoints used in your tower will depend on both the make-up chemistry and the water treatment program.

Acid feed setpoints are provided by your water treatment vendor.

## 2.6 Check Flowswitch & Install Water Meter

Open the downstream, then the upstream sample line isolation valves, immersing the conductivity & pH sensors

**Note: The thermal flowswitch requires a maximum of 30 seconds to respond to the change from NO-Flow to Flow**

Press UP - DOWN until you see Flowswitch.  
Displays ON or OFF and the total minutes ON from midnight.

**NOTE:** An OFF flowswitch stops all pumps and the bleed solenoid.  
The flowswitch can be bypassed by jumpering the Flow terminal to ground.

The factory default water meter is a 100 Gallons/contact contact head meter

Press UP - DOWN until you see Make-up Today.  
Displays make-up volume from midnight.

Press ENTER twice to view or change meter type.

Key ENTER to view or change the gallons/contact.  
Metric users will view volumes in 'L'iters & L/Contact

Press UP-DOWN to adjust and RIGHT to move the cursor.  
Press EXIT to leave Gallons/contact unchanged.

ENTER or EXIT displays the current meter type.

### Flowswitch

Flowswitch  
ON 780.6min

### Contact Head Watermeter

Make-up Today 38200 G



Meter Type Year-to-Date



Contact Head Paddlewheel



G/Contact 100



Edit & ENTER 50



Contact Head Paddlewheel

**Sidebar:** 2 wire meters are usually Contact Head & 3 wire meters are Turbine or Paddlewheel.

## 2.6 Check Flowswitch & Install Water Meter

continued

Turbine-Paddlewheel type water meters provide pulses per Gallon or Liter.  
The number of Pulses/Unit Volume is the 'K' factor.

Press UP - DOWN until you see Make-up Today.  
Displays make-up volume from midnight.

Press ENTER twice to view or change meter type.

Key DOWN to select Paddlewheel type meter

Key ENTER to view or change the pulses per Gallon.  
Metric users view pulses per Liter.

Press UP-DOWN to adjust and 'K' Factor unchanged.

ENTER or EXIT displays the current meter type.

### Turbine –Paddlewheel Watermeter

Make-up Today    ⬅  
38200 G



Meter Type    ⬅  
Year-to-Date    ↓



Paddlewheel    ⬅  
Contact Head    ↓



'K' Factor    ⬅  
100.0



Edit & ENTER    ➡  
104.5



Paddlewheel    ⬅  
Contact Head    ↓

**Sidebar:** Force make-up by either opening the bleed solenoid bypass or lowering the Bleed Setpoints.

Verify that the make-up meter displays an increasing volume as the float opens the make-up line. Close bypass or reset Bleed Setpoints after verifying the meter.

**WARNING:** Verify paddlewheel meters immediately and disconnect if not verified. Mis-wired paddlewheel meters will fail the meter Hall Effect sensor.

## 2.7 Plug-in Pumps and Bleed Solenoid

Sections 2.1 to 2.6 adjust setpoints and verify sensors.  
We're now ready for the bleed solenoid and each chemical pump, verifying each one as it's plugged in.

Remove the lower access panel on the controller enclosure.

Plug the bleed solenoid into the right bottom plugs.  
Press UP or DOWN to view Bleed Solenoid.

If ON, verify that the green R1 light  
on the right side of the enclosure is ON.

Verify that the bleed solenoid is open  
and that tower water is going to drain.

If OFF, press ENTER & DOWN to Test Bleed.  
Press ENTER and the Bleed & R1 light  
will turn ON for 5 minutes

Plug the inhibitor pump into the top of the 3 sidewall plugs.  
Press UP or DOWN to view Inhibitor Pump.

If ON, verify that the green R2 light  
on the right side of the enclosure is ON.

Verify that the pump is stroking, primed and feeding inhibitor.

If OFF, press ENTER & DOWN to Prime Pump.

Press ENTER and the Inhibitor Pump & R2 light  
will turn ON for 5 minutes

### Bleed Solenoid

Bleed Solenoid ⬅  
ON 68.2min

OR

Bleed Solenoid ⬅  
OFF 0.1min



Test Bleed ⬅  
End Prebleed ↓

### Inhibitor Pump

Inhibitor Pump ⬅  
OFF 2.7min



Prime Pump ⬅  
Current State ↓



Inhibitor Pump ⬅  
ON 2.8min

**Sidebar:** The Bleed Solenoid and Pumps will not turn ON unless the Flowswitch is ON.  
The R1,R2,R3 & R4 lights will not turn ON unless the Flowswitch is ON.

Inhibitor pumps set to 'Bleed then Feed' or 'Feed on Volume' modes will not feed if the Bleed Solenoid is ON. Feed starts as soon as Bleed ends.

## 2.7 Plug-in Pumps and Bleed Solenoid continued

### Acid Pump

Plug the acid pump into the middle of the 3 sidewall plugs.  
Press UP or DOWN to view Acid Pump.

If ON, verify that the green R3 light  
on the right side of the enclosure is ON.

Verify that the pump is stroking, primed and feeding acid.

If OFF, press ENTER & DOWN to Prime Pump.

Press ENTER and the Acid Pump & R3 light  
will turn ON for 5 minutes

Acid Pump      ←  
OFF      0.0min



Prime Pump      ←  
Current State      ↓



Acid Pump      ←  
ON      0.1min

See Section 3.7 *Biocide Events*, to set biotiming

Plug the Biocide pump into the lowest of the 3 sidewall plugs.  
Press UP or DOWN to view Biocide.

If ON, verify that the green R4 light on the right side on the  
enclosure is ON.

Verify that the pump is stroking, primed and feeding oxidant.

If OFF, press ENTER & DOWN to Prime Pump.

Press ENTER and the Biocide pump & R4 light  
will turn ON for 5 minutes

### Biocide Pump

Biocide      Day12 ←  
OFF      38.0min



Prime Pump      ←  
Cycle days      ↓



Biocide      Day12 ←  
ON      38.1min

Reinstall the lower access panel on the controller enclosure.

**Sidebar:** The Bleed Solenoid and Pumps will not turn ON unless the Flowswitch is ON.

Priming the Biocide pump does not cause a bleed solenoid Prebleed or Lockout.

Press ENTER at 'Alarms' and ENTER at 'Clear Alarms' to end Test Bleed or Prime Pumps.

## 2.8 Check Controls

Verify that the controls work in the way that you expect for this site.

Watch the Conductivity increase as the tower operates.

The Bleed Solenoid will turn ON as the conductivity exceeds the Turn ON setpoint.

As the tower makes up, the Conductivity will fall below the TurnOFF setpoint and the Bleed Solenoid will turn OFF.

Verifying a 'Meter Control' or 'Percentage Time' Bleed Mode differs.

If the Inhibitor feed mode is set to 'Bleed & Feed', the Inhibitor Pump will turn ON when the Bleed turns ON.

If the % of each 5 minutes is set to less than 100%, the Inhibitor Pump will turn ON & OFF while the Bleed is ON.

If the Inhibitor feed mode is set 'Bleed then Feed', the Inhibitor Pump will always be OFF when the Bleed is ON & will turn ON as soon as the bleed turns OFF.

If the inhibitor pump is set to 'Feed on Volume' , the inhibitor pump will turn ON after measuring Make-up.

If the Bleed is ON, the Inhibitor Pump will wait until the Bleed turns OFF before turning ON.

### Conductivity & Bleed

Conductivity 1425 uS



Bleed Solenoid ON 564.2min

### Water Meter or Bleed & Inhibitor Pump

Bleed Solenoid ON 564.2min



Inhibitor Pump ON 48.1min

Make-up Today 38200 G



Inhibitor Pump ON 124.8min

**Sidebar:** The Bleed Solenoid and Pumps will not turn ON unless the Flowswitch is ON. The Inhibitor Pump turns OFF if the daily Feed Limit is exceeded. Increase the Limit Timer to allow the pump to turn ON.

Bleed Solenoids may turn OFF if Biocide is set to Prebleed and a timed event is scheduled. Bleed Solenoids may not turn ON if Biocide is set to Lockout and a timed event has started.

Watch the pH increase as the tower operates, evaporates and increases alkalinity.

The Acid Pump will turn ON as the pH exceeds the Turn ON setpoint.

As acid feeds, the pH falls below the TurnOFF setpoint and the Acid Pump will turn OFF.

Verifying a pH controlled by 'Feed on Volume', water meter mode differs, with pH falling after make-up volume is measured.

If you have not set a Biocide Prebleed or Lockout, the Biocide pump will turn ON for the preset time on the selected Day#

Prebleed time starts at the time set for the event & ends after the Prebleed time OR when the conductivity target is met.

Lockout time starts after the timed event ends, turning OFF the Bleed

During Prebleed watch the Bleed Solenoid & Conductivity. During Lockout, watch the Bleed Solenoid 'Status'

Press ENTER & DOWN @ Bleed Solenoid for Prebleed and/or Lockout end options.

### pH & Acid

pH Sensor 7.84 pH



Acid Pump ON 10.4min

### Biocide Pump & Bleed Valve - Conductivity

Biocide Day 4 OFF 20.0min



Bleed Solenoid ON 204.2min



Conductivity 415 uS

**Sidebar:** There is a delay between the time the acid pump turns ON and the pH sensor measures the effect as low pH water travels through the piping, basin and back to the re-circ. Pump. A similar delay occurs when the acid pump turns OFF.

These two delays increase the control deadband. Although the Setpoints are 8.00 & 7.95, the actual tower pH may vary from 7.8 to 8.1 due to piping transit delays.

The Acid Pump turns OFF if the Feed Limit is exceeded. Press ENTER @ 'Alarms' & 'Clear Alarms' to reset.

### 3. OPERATION

#### 3.1 Conductivity Sensor

Sensor calibration and temperature verify is detailed in  
Section 2.5 *Verify Conductivity & pH Sensors*

Press UP - DOWN until you see Conductivity.

**Alarms**

Conductivity 1425 uS



Press ENTER & then DOWN to Alarms.

Calibrate Alarms



Press ENTER to view current alarms or adjust

Alarms Calibrate



Press ENTER to adjust the High Alarm  
or DOWN & ENTER to adjust the Low Alarm

High 1600uS  
Low 1200uS



Press UP-DOWN to adjust and RIGHT to move the cursor.  
Press EXIT to leave Alarm unchanged.

Edit & ENTER  
High 1550uS



ENTER updates the alarms & displays the  
current High & Low Alarms.

High 1550uS  
Low 1200uS

Conductivity Alarms display on the 'Alarms' display  
and resets automatically.

'Clear Alarms' does not reset a conductivity alarm above the  
High or less than the Low Alarm level.

**Sidebar:** Conductivity alarms may occur when the tower shuts down and drains the sample line or when a Biocide event Prebleed, lowers the conductivity.



For conductivity control setpoints Section 2.2  
*Bleed Mode: Conductivity Setpoints*

Press UP - DOWN until you see Bleed Solenoid.  
Displays ON or OFF and ON time from midnight.

Press ENTER to view or adjust Setpoints.  
Setpoints vary with selected Bleed Mode.

Press ENTER view current mode or to select from  
Conductivity Control, Percentage Time OR Meter Control.

Press ENTER @ Test Bleed to turn ON bleed solenoid  
for 5 minutes. 'Alarms'-'Clear Alarms' ends the Test.

Press ENTER @ End Prebleed to a start Biocide Event on a  
prebleeding Bleed Solenoid.

Press ENTER @ End Lockout to a return to normal Bleed  
Solenoid control.

Press ENTER @ Current State to view control status.  
Display varies with Bleed Mode

Bleed Solenoid ←  
ON 564.2min



Setpoints ←  
Bleed Mode ↓



Bleed Mode ←  
Test Bleed ↓



Test Bleed ←  
End Prebleed ↓



End Prebleed ←  
End Lockout ↓



End Lockout ←  
Current State ↓



Current State ←  
Setpoints ↓

**Sidebar:** Test Bleed will not turn ON the solenoid if the flowswitch is OFF.

End Prebleed & End Lockout have no effect if the Bleed Solenoid is not  
Prebleeding or Locked Out.

## 3.2 Bleed Controls Continued

### Bleed Solenoid Bleed Modes

Press ENTER then DOWN @ Bleed Solenoid

Bleed Solenoid ⏮  
ON 564.2min



Press ENTER @ Bleed Mode to view current mode and to select a new mode

Bleed Mode ⏮  
Test Bleed ⏭



Most cooling towers operate with Conductivity Control. Bleed solenoid opens at TurnON conductivity setpoint and closes at TurnOFF setpoint

Conduct.Control ⏮  
Meter Control ⏭



Meter Control Measures a user set volume on the Make-up water meter then turns ON the bleed solenoid for a user set time.

For example:

Measure 100 Gallons of make-up & bleed for 10 seconds.

Meter Control ⏮  
Conduct.Control ⏭



Percentage Time turns ON the bleed solenoid for a user set % of 5 minutes.

Percentage Time ⏮  
Meter Control ⏭



**NOTE:** If you change the Bleed Mode, press UP to Setpoints & ENTER to adjust for the new Bleed Mode.

Setpoints ⏮  
Bleed Mode ⏭

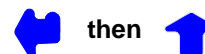
**Sidebar:** 'Meter Control' is used where sensor fouling from silica or organics continuously fouls the conductivity sensor.

'Percentage Time' is used short term to bleed while replacing a sensor or installing a water meter.

**Current State of the Bleed Solenoid Control**

Press ENTER then UP @ Bleed Solenoid

Bleed solenoid ⬅  
ON 564.2min



Press ENTER @ Current State

Current State ⬅  
Setpoints ↓



If bleed ON, displays TurnOFF setpoint,975 & current conductivity,993

If bleed OFF, displays TurnOFF setpoint,1000  
& current conductivity,993

off@ 975 ?121  
ON 993uS

**Mode = Conductivity Control**

If bleed ON, displays Owes 101 sec ?122  
& ON ENTER=Stop  
If bleed OFF, displays turn-on volume, 10400  
& current volume 10,200

On @10400 G ?122  
OFF 10200 G

**Mode = Water Meter Control**

If bleed ON, displays Owes 41 sec ?123  
& ON ENTER=Stop  
If bleed OFF, displays seconds to turn ON,

On in 221sec?123  
OFF

**Mode = % Time Control**

**HELP: ?121,122 & ?123** and other help numbers display wherever more explanation is available at [www.Aquatrac.com](http://www.Aquatrac.com).

ON ENTER=Stop ends the current feed cycle or %Time ON period.

Sensor calibration is detailed in Section  
2.5 Verify Conductivity & pH Sensors

Press UP - DOWN until you see pH Sensor.

pH Sensor 7.84 pH



Press ENTER & then DOWN to Alarms.

Alarms Calibrate



Press ENTER to view current alarms or adjust

High 9.00pH  
Low 7.00pH



Press ENTER to adjust the High Alarm  
or DOWN & ENTER to adjust the Low Alarm

High 9.00pH  
Low 7.00pH



Press UP-DOWN to adjust and RIGHT to move the cursor.  
Press EXIT to leave Alarm unchanged.

Edit & ENTER  
Low 7.40pH



ENTER updates the alarms & displays the  
current High & Low Alarms.

pH Alarms display on the 'Alarms' display  
and resets automatically.

High 9.00pH  
Low 7.40pH

'Clear Alarms' does not reset an pH alarm above the High or  
less than the Low Alarm level.

High alarms occur on a failure to feed acid or sensor fault.  
Low alarms occur on a acid overfeed or sensor fault.

**Sidebar:** pH alarms may occur when the tower shuts down and drains the sample line or when an pH sensor fouls. Scaled pH sensors can be cleaned HCl. Immerse until the fizzing stops. Organically fouled sensors may be cleaned with alcohol and soft brush.

**Caution:** pH sensors will not measure correctly unless the GREEN solution ground wire on the bottom of the sensor entry 'T' is connected to a controller ground terminal.

For pH Control setpoints & Pump limit timer see  
Section 2.4 Acid: Setpoints, Feed Limit

### Acid Pump Control Modes

Press ENTER then DOWN @ Acid Pump

Press ENTER @ Feed Mode to view current mode and to  
select a new mode

Most cooling towers operate with pH Control.  
The Acid Pump turns ON at TurnON pH setpoint  
and OFF at TurnOFF setpoint

Feed on Volume turns ON the Acid Pump  
for a user set time after measuring a  
user set make-up volume.

It's a mode that may be used to bypass a pH sensor

**NOTE:** If you change the Feed Mode, press UP to Setpoints  
& ENTER to adjust for the new Feed Mode.

### Current State of Acid Pump Control

State Display changes with the selected Feed Mode  
Press ENTER then UP @ Acid Pump

Press ENTER @ Current State

If the pump is OFF, displays Turn ON setpoint, 8.00 & current  
pH, 7.90

If the acid pump is ON, displays TurnOFF setpoint, 7.94  
& current pH, 8.04

If acid pump is ON, displays Owes 38 sec ?243  
& ON ENTER=Stop

Owed seconds count down to zero & the pump turns OFF.  
ENTER ends current feed time.

If OFF, displays volume @ to turn ON, 9800,  
& current meter volume, 9700

?241 & ?243 Help numbers display wherever more  
explanation is available at [www.2eZnet.com](http://www.2eZnet.com)

Acid Pump ←  
OFF 210.4min



Feed Mode ←  
Limit Timer ↓



pH Control ←  
Feed on Volume ↓



Feed on Volume ←  
pH Control ↓

Acid Pump ←  
OFF 210.4min



Current State ←  
Setpoints



off@ 7.95 ?241  
ON 8.04 pH

Mode = pH Control

Owes 38sec ?243  
ON ENTER = stop

Mode = Volume Control - ON

On@ 9800 G ?243  
OFF 9700 G

Mode = Volume Control - OFF

### 3.5 Make-up Meter

Meter type selection & installation detailed in  
Section 2.6 *Check Flowswitch & Install Water Meter*

Press UP - DOWN until you see 'Make-up Today'  
& press ENTER .

Make-up Today    ⬅  
38200 G



Press ENTER to view current type or to select  
Contact Head or Paddlewheel water meter.

Meter Type    ⬅  
Year-to-Date    ↓



Key DOWN & ENTER for volume this year.

Year-to-Date    ⬅  
Days Online    ↓



Key DOWN & ENTER for days on-line this year

Days Online    ⬅  
Zero Meter?    ↓



Key ENTER to reset Year-to-Date, Days OnLine  
and Make-up Today to zero.

**Warning: Cannot Undo**

Zero Meter?    ⬅  
Meter Type    ↓

Volume this year to date.  
Displays in 'L'iters if metric selected.

Year-to-Date?192  
765200 G

Days controller installed and operating this year.  
Does not count days controller powered OFF.

Days Online ?193  
215

Press EXIT to return to previous display

**Sidebar:** Year-to-Date volume divided by Days OnLine is average usage, a figure of merit for a tower tonnage.

**HELP: ?192 & ?193** and other help numbers display wherever more explanation is available at [www.Aquatrac.com](http://www.Aquatrac.com).

For inhibitor control setpoints & feed limit, refer to  
Section 2.3 *Inhibitor Feed Mode: Setpoints, Feed Limits*

Press UP - DOWN until you see Inhibitor Pump.  
Displays ON or OFF and ON time from midnight.

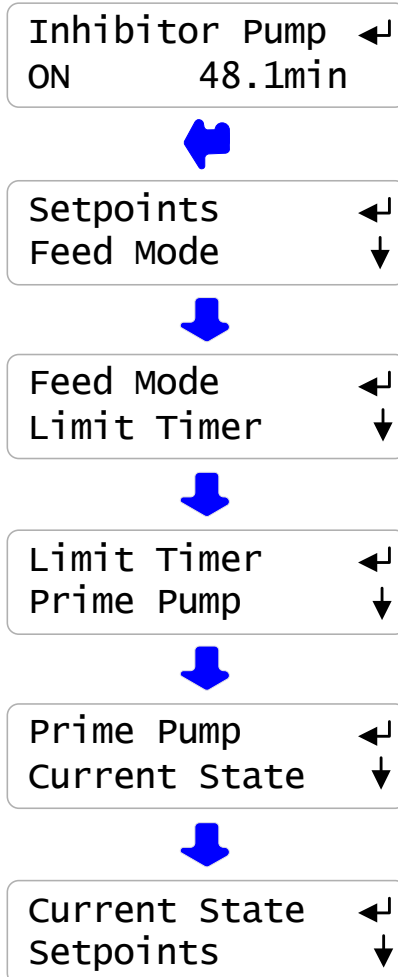
Press ENTER to view or adjust Setpoints.  
Setpoints vary with selected Feed Mode.

Press ENTER view current mode or to select from  
Bleed & Feed, Bleed then Feed, Percentage Time  
OR Feed on Volume.

Press ENTER to set maximum feed minutes /day

Press ENTER @ Prime Pump to turn ON Inhibitor Pump  
for 5 minutes. 'Alarms'-'Clear Alarms' ends Priming.

Press ENTER @ Current State to view control status.  
Display varies with Feed Mode



**Sidebar:** Prime Pump will not turn ON the Pump if the flowswitch is OFF.

Inhibitor pumps set to 'Bleed then Feed' or 'Feed on Volume' modes will not feed if the Bleed Solenoid is ON. Feed starts as soon as Bleed ends.

**Inhibitor Pump Feed Modes**

Press ENTER then DOWN @ Inhibitor Pump

Inhibitor Pump ←  
ON 48.1min



Press ENTER & DOWN @ Feed Mode to view  
current mode and to select a new mode

Feed Mode ←  
Limit Timer ↓



Inhibitor pump turns ON when Bleed solenoid ON.  
Pump switches ON & OFF during bleed  
at user set % of 5 minutes

Bleed & Feed ←  
Bleed then Feed ↓



Inhibitor pump turns ON after Bleed solenoid turns OFF.  
Pump then is ON for the user set % of Bleed time

Bleed then Feed ←  
Percentage Time ↓



Percentage Time turns ON the Inhibitor Pump  
for a user set % of 5 minutes.

Percentage Time ←  
Feed on Volume ↓



Feed on Volume measures a user set volume on  
the Make-up water meter then turns ON  
the Pump for a user set time.

Feed on Volume ←  
Bleed & Feed ↓

For example:

Measure 100 Gallons of make-up & feed for 8 seconds.



**NOTE:** If you change the Feed Mode, press UP to Setpoints  
& ENTER to adjust for the new Feed Mode.

Setpoints ←  
Feed Mode ↓

**Sidebar:** Bleed & Feed is used on bleed limited towers where the bleed solenoid is ON for more than 50% of the time.

Bleed then Feed is used on towers which don't have a make-up water meter; typically reducing inhibitor usage over Bleed & Feed since you are not pumping inhibitor with the Bleed ON.

Percentage Time is used to base feed during start-up or when the tower is not loaded.

Feed on Volume is usually the most accurate & reliable way to feed for towers which have a make-up meter.



**Current State of the Inhibitor Pump Control**

Press ENTER then UP @ Inhibitor Pump

Inhibitor Pump ⏮  
ON 48.1min

Press ENTER @ Current State

Current State ⏮  
Setpoints

If Bleed ON: displays Owes 233sec ?154  
OR On in 86sec ?150  
Seconds count down to zero and pump changes state.  
If Bleed OFF: displays Bleed Off ?150

Owes 162sec ?154  
ON ENTER=Stop**Mode = Bleed & Feed**

If Pump ON, displays Owes 101 sec ?150  
If Pump OFF, displays 'Bleed Off'

Bleed off ?150  
OFF**Mode = Bleed then Feed**

If Pump ON, displays Owes 41 sec ?156  
If Pump OFF, displays seconds to turn ON.  
Seconds count down to zero & pump changes state.

On in 267sec?156  
OFF**Mode = Percentage Time**

If Pump ON, displays Owes 38 sec ?154  
If Pump OFF, displays turn-on volume, 9800  
& current volume 9700

On@ 9800 G ?155  
OFF 9700 G**Mode = Feed on Volume**

**Sidebar:** Bleed & Feed applies the %of Bleed to each 300 seconds on Bleed ON time  
Bleed then Feed applies the %of Bleed to the total Bleed ON time.  
Feed on Volume feeds after the Bleed turns OFF.  
ON ENTER=Stop ends the current feed cycle or %Time ON period.

**HELP:** ?150,?154,?155 & ?156 and other help numbers display wherever more explanation is available at [www.Aquatrac.com](http://www.Aquatrac.com).

## 3.7 Biocide Events

## Biocide Menu Options

Press UP - DOWN until you see 'Biocide'  
Displays ON or OFF and ON time from midnight.  
Day# in selected Cycle 1..28 or 1..7 or 1

Press ENTER to Add a new biocide event.

Press ENTER view or edit current events.  
Displays # of events 1..28  
'Edit' not displayed if no events set.

Press ENTER to delete all events.  
'Delete' not displayed if no events set.

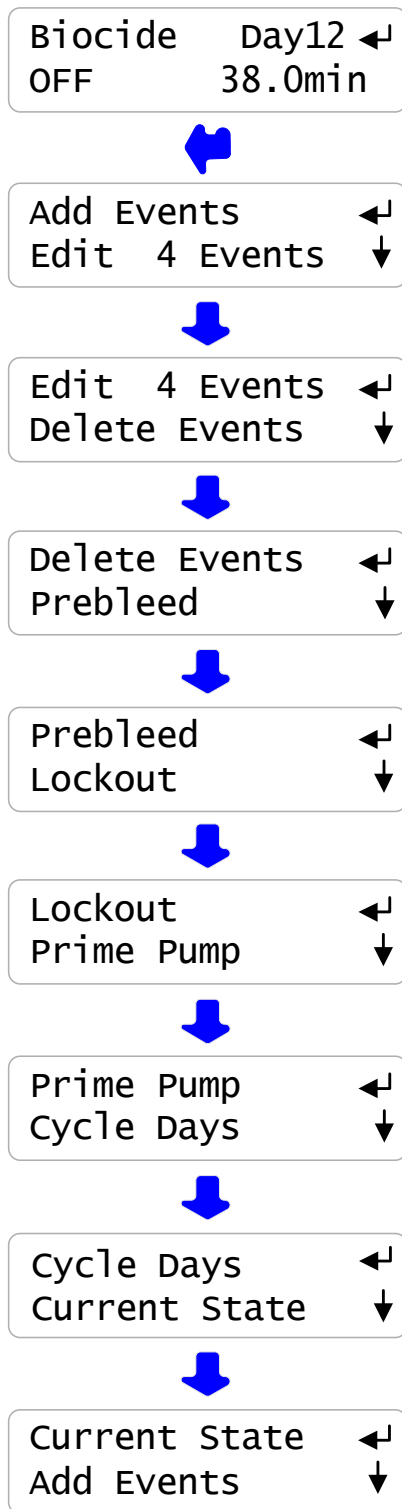
Press ENTER to view or edit Prebleed Time & Conductivity.  
Prebleed runs before each event.  
Factory default is 0 minutes Prebleed.

Press ENTER to view or edit Bleed Lockout Time.  
Lockout starts when each event starts.  
Factory default is 0 minutes Lockout.

Press ENTER to turn ON Biocide Pump for 5 minutes.  
'Alarms', 'Clear Alarms' ends Prime Pump.  
Prebleed & Lockout do not run when Prime Pump runs.

Press enter to view or edit Cycle Days.  
Events repeat every 28 days, 7days or 1 day.  
Factory default is 28 Days

Press ENTER @ Current State to view Biocide status.



### 3.7 Biocide Events continued

#### Biocide 'Add Events'

Press UP - DOWN until you see 'Biocide'  
Press ENTER.

Press ENTER to Add an Event.

Press RIGHT to move the underline to the value you wish to change & then UP – DOWN to adjust.  
Days 1,8,15 & 22 are Sundays on 28 Day Cycles.  
Time is 24 hour format. 14:00 is 2:00PM.

Press ENTER after selecting your event.

Key UP – DOWN to select how often  
you wish to run the event.

28 Day Cycle offers Once,Weekly or Alternate Weeks.  
7 Day Cycle offers Once,Daily or Alternate Days.  
1 Day Cycle offers Once,Hourly or Alternate Hours.

Press ENTER to select frequency.  
Displays revised total events. We started with 4 events,  
added a Weekly event & now have 8 events.

You can set up to 28 Biocide events.  
This example turns ON the pump for 35 minutes every  
Tuesday at 7:15 AM.

Biocide Day12 ↵  
OFF 20.0min



Add Events ↵  
Edit 4 Events ↓



Day 3 @ 7:15 →  
on for 35 min ⇅



One Event ↵  
Altern. weeks ↓



Altern. weeks ↵  
weekly ↓



weekly ↵  
One Event ↓



Advice ?175  
Now 8 Events ↵



Biocide Day12 ↵  
OFF 20.0min

### 3.7 Biocide Events continued

#### Biocide 'Edit Events'

Press UP - DOWN until you see 'Biocide'  
Press ENTER & DOWN to Edit Events.

Press ENTER to view and edit current events.

Press UP – DOWN to select an event for editing.  
In this example, select 1 of 8 events.

Press ENTER on the selected event.

Press RIGHT to place the underline  
where you wish to adjust.  
Press UP – DOWN to adjust.  
This example changes the event start time  
from 6:00AM to 6:45AM.

Press ENTER to end or EXIT to make no changes.  
Setting a run time to 0, removes the event.

Biocide Day12 ←  
OFF 20.0min



Edit 8 Events ←  
Delete Events ↓



Day 2 @ 14:30 ←  
on for 10 min ⇅



Day 25 @ 6:00 ←  
on for 25 min ⇅



Day 25 @ 6:45 ←  
on for 25 min ⇅



Edit 8 Events ←  
Delete Events ↓

**Sidebar:** Events are re-sequenced by Day & Time whenever you Edit Events or Add Events.  
Keying UP in Edit Events displays the event sequence from Day 1 to Day 28.

Day 1 is always Sunday for 28 and 7 Day Cycles.  
The range of Day numbers changes as the Cycle Days changes  
from 1..28, 1..7 or 1.

If you change Cycle Days, all events are deleted.

### 3.7 Biocide Events Continued

#### Biocide 'Prebleed'

Press UP - DOWN until you see 'Biocide'  
Press ENTER & DOWN to Prebleed.

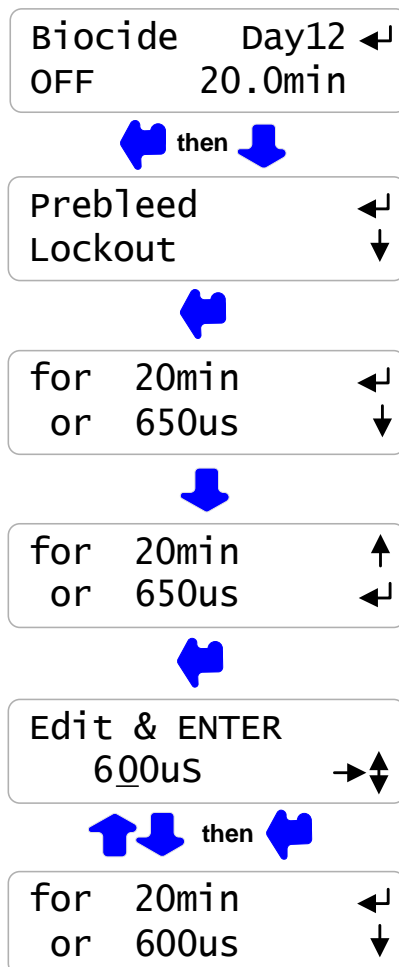
Press ENTER to view and edit Prebleed.

This example turns ON the bleed for 20 minutes  
before each biocide event.  
Prebleed ends if the tower conductivity falls below 650uS.

Press ENTER to adjust time  
or DOWN & ENTER to adjust conductivity.

Press RIGHT to place the underline  
where you wish to adjust.  
Press UP – DOWN to adjust  
or EXIT to make no changes.

This example changes the prebleed  
conductivity from 650uS to 600uS.



**Sidebar:** Prebleeding turns on the bleed solenoid before each biocide event to lower the tower conductivity. Prebleeding limits bleed and sewerage of the biocide during the 'kill time'

Biocides are usually fed during tower low load or no-load so Prebleeding may not be required.

Prebleeding is also used to prevent overcycling during the Lockout period when the bleed is OFF.

### 3.7 Biocide Events continued

#### Biocide 'Lockout'

Press UP - DOWN until you see 'Biocide'  
Press ENTER & DOWN to Lockout.

Press ENTER to view and edit Lockout time.  
Press ENTER to edit or press EXIT.

Factory default Lockout is set to 0 minutes.  
Press ENTER to adjust.

Press RIGHT to place the underline  
where you wish to adjust.  
Press UP – DOWN to adjust  
or EXIT to make no changes.

#### Biocide 'Cycle Days'

Press UP - DOWN until you see 'Biocide'  
Press ENTER & DOWN to Cycle Days.

Press ENTER to view and edit Cycle Days.  
Press ENTER to edit or press EXIT.

Key UP – DOWN to select 28,7 or 1 day  
& then press ENTER.  
Changing Cycle Days deletes existing events.

Biocide events repeat every 28, 7 or 1 day.

Biocide Day12 ←  
OFF 20.0min



Lockout ←  
Prime Pump ↓



Lockout ?174  
0 min ←



Edit & ENTER  
120 min →↕



Cycle Days ←  
Current State ↓



28 Days ←  
1 Day ↓



1 Day ←  
7 Days ↓



cycle days ←  
Current State ↓

**Sidebar:** Lockout prevents the bleed solenoid from turning ON during the biocide 'kill time' and sewerage the biocide.

Lockout is usually used with Prebleed to prevent tower overcycling during the Lockout period.

Non-Oxidizing biocides typically use a 28 or 7 Day cycle.

Oxidizing biocides typically use a 7 or 1 day cycle.

### 3.7 Biocide Events continued

#### Biocide 'Current State'

Press UP - DOWN until you see 'Biocide'  
Press ENTER & UP to Current State.

Press ENTER to view Current State.

If there are no Biocide feed events running, displays OFF.

If a Biocide feed event is running,  
counts down remaining time.

Press ENTER to end event  
or EXIT to return to Current State

Biocide Day 4 ⏮  
OFF 38.0min



Current State ⏮  
Add Events ⏭



Biocide ?170  
OFF OK ⏮

OR

ON for 21.3min  
ON ENTER=Stop

**Sidebar:** Bleed Solenoid Prebleeding starts when an event is scheduled.  
Biocide pump turns ON after Prebleed time ends.  
Bleed Solenoid Lockout starts when biocide pump turns ON.

**HELP: ?170** and other help numbers display wherever more explanation is available at  
[www.Aquatrac.com](http://www.Aquatrac.com)

### 3.8 System- Alarms

#### System Menu Options

Press UP - DOWN until you see Day & Time  
Press ENTER view System options.

Thu 16:54:10 ↵  
S/N: T041T0486



Press ENTER to view Current State  
Controller diagnostics

Current State ↵  
Adjust Clock ↓



Press ENTER to view and adjust clock.

Adjust Clock ↵  
Stop Inhibitor ↓



Press ENTER to stop inhibitor feed  
during Acid and Biocide feeds

Stop Inhibitor ↵  
Select Units ↓



Press ENTER to view or change  
US or Metric units.

Select Units ↵  
Password ON



Press ENTER to turn ON the user password.  
If **PASSWORD** on, press ENTER for password tools.

Password ON ↵  
Current State

#### Alarms

Press UP - DOWN until you see Alarms  
The first alarm to trip will display or 'none' if no alarms

Alarms ↵  
none



Press ENTER to Clear Alarms.  
Clearing alarms sets all pump & solenoid owed times to zero.  
Sensor Alarms, 'Out-of-Calibration' and System Alarms auto-clear when the fault is corrected

Clear Alarms ↵



3.8 System- Alarms  
continued

## System : Current State

Press UP - DOWN until you see Day & Time  
Press ENTER view System options.

Thu 16:54:10 ↩  
S/N: T041T0486



Press ENTER to view Current State  
Controller diagnostics

Current State ↩  
Adjust Clock ↓



Temperature at the conductivity sensor.  
Press ENTER to adjust.  
Displays 'Fault' if not used to compensate conductivity,  
Indicates wiring or sensor problem.

Temperature ?101  
87F ↩ ↓



Power used for paddlewheel water meters  
and to power 4-20mA current loops  
Alarms on short circuits, recovers when wiring corrected.

Ext. Power ?102  
15.6 VDC ↓



Internal power used or bleed solenoid and pump relays.  
Always 11.8 to 12.2.  
Alarms on fault.

Relay Power ?103  
12.1 VDC ↓



Auto-ranging conductivity sensor drive,  
70-80mV or 950-1050 mV.  
Alarms and cannot measure conductivity if out of range.

Drive ?107  
73.3 mV ↓



pH-ORP sensor offset, 2475 to 2525mV  
Alarms and cannot measure any sensors if out of range.

Measure ?105  
2502.3 mV ↓



Firmware version & internal diagnostic.  
Checks that user setpoints being saved & Clock valid,

Ver 80805 ?106  
244:163:1 ↓

**Sidebar:** System: Diagnostics verifies the controller operation & alerts you to wiring problems with conductivity temperature, paddlewheel water meters and controller powered 4-20mA current loops.

### 3.8 System- Alarms continued

#### System : Adjust Clock

Press UP - DOWN until you see Day & Time  
Press ENTER & DOWN to Adjust Clock.

Press ENTER to view or adjust current Date & Time.  
Press EXIT to leave changed  
or RIGHT to move the underline.  
Press UP – DOWN to EDIT.

After ENTER, press UP-DOWN to select day of the week.

Day of the week is important for Biocide events  
which use Sunday as Day 1.

Adjust Clock ⬅️  
Stop Inhibitor ⬇️



DD/MM/YY HH:MM  
23/07/04 15:03 ➡️⬆️



Today is  
Tue ⬆️



Tue 15:03:31 ⬅️  
S/N T044T9999

#### System : Stop Inhibitor

Press UP - DOWN until you see Day & Time  
Press ENTER & DOWN to Stop Inhibitor.

Press ENTER to view or adjust current  
Inhibitor feed sequence.

'No Bioblock' is the Factory Default.  
'Biofeed Blocks' stops the Inhibitor Pump whenever the  
Acid Pump or Biocide pump is ON.

Stop Inhibitor ⬅️  
Select Units ⬇️



No Bioblock ⬅️  
Biofeed Blocks ⬇️



Biofeed Blocks ⬅️  
No Bioblock ⬇️

**Sidebar:** Sites where Biocide & Acid are fed into the same sample-feed piping as the Inhibitor may cause jelling or inhibitor degradation.  
Blocking the inhibitor pump prevents product mixing in the sample-feed piping.

### 3.8 System- Alarms continued

#### System : Select Units

Press UP - DOWN until you see Day & Time  
Press ENTER & DOWN to Select Units

Press ENTER to view or adjust current Select Units.

Press EXIT to leave changed  
Or DOWN to change.

Key ENTER to:  
Set to U.S. units, degrees Fahrenheit & Gallons  
Or  
Set to Metric, degrees Centigrade & Liters

#### System : Adjust Temperature

Press UP - DOWN until you see Day & Time  
Press ENTER twice to adjust Temperature

Press UP – DOWN to EDIT or RIGHT to move the underline  
Press EXIT to leave changed or  
ENTER to change the temperature

A Temperature displaying **Fault** cannot be adjusted.

Temperature cannot be adjusted more than  
+/-18F or +/-10C from the factory default.  
Press EXIT on this message to return to Temperature factory  
default setting.

Thu 16:54:10 ↵  
S/N: T041T0486



Select Units ↵  
Current State ↓



Deg F, Gallons ↵  
Deg C Liters ↓



Deg C Liters ↵  
Deg F, Gallons ↓

Temperature ?101  
87F ↵↓



Edit & ENTER  
092F →↵



Advice ?108  
Fails Calibrate↵

**Sidebar:** Select Units changes make-up meter units, year-to-date units and volume per contact units.

Temperature compensation of conductivity, switches automatically between C & F as does the System:Current State display of temperature.

**NOTE:** If you adjust the Temperature, you'll need to re-calibrate conductivity

## 3.9 Password

**Password is turned OFF in new controllers**

Press UP - DOWN until you see Day & Time

Press ENTER & UP to select **Password ON**

If you press ENTER you'll be prompted for a password then next time you press ENTER.

Press UP or DOWN to view the current state of the controller.  
Any ENTER key will prompt for the password, displaying the default password **123**.

Use the UP, DOWN & RIGHT keys to enter a password then key ENTER.

A correct password displays, **Password OK**.  
Press any key to start operating the controller.

**Turning ON Password**

Thu 16:54:10 ⏪  
S/N: T041T0486



Current State ⏪  
Adjust Clock ⏴



Password ON ⏪  
Current State ⏴

**Password ON**

Enter Password  
0000123 →↕



Advice ?110  
Password OK ⏪

OR

Advice ?111  
Wrong Password ⏪

**Sidebar:** When you first select **Password ON**, the default password is **123**.

Whenever you **Enter Password** the controller displays the default password.  
If you have not changed the default password, press ENTER to log in.

Press UP - DOWN until you see Day & Time.  
Then press ENTER & UP to view **Password** tools.

Password tools are available when **Password** is **ON**  
and you are logged in. Press ENTER to view the tools:

Press ENTER to Log Out.

Press DOWN & then ENTER to view  
& change the current password

Press DOWN to **Password OFF**.  
Pressing ENTER turns OFF PASSWORD.

Press RIGHT & UP – DOWN to change  
the current password.

ENTER changes the password.  
Press EXIT to leave the password unchanged

Password  
Current State



Log Out  
Edit Password



Edit Password  
Password OFF



Password OFF  
Log Out

Edit Password

Edit & ENTER  
0094502



Log Out  
Edit Password

**Sidebar:** If your controller is password protected. Select **Edit Password** and change the password from the '**123**' factory default.

Passwords may be from 1 to 6 numbers. Leading zeros are ignored.

If you forget your password, you'll require the controller serial number to get a **Reset Password**. The controller password is '**123**' after you key in the **Reset Password**.

## 4. MAINTENANCE

### 4.1 Guidelines

Modify the maintenance guidelines to reflect both the site priorities and the site water treatment program.

Guidelines are for controller function only. Water treatment program maintenance requirements are provided by the site water treatment provider.

Frequency	Activity	Method
Daily	<p>Check for Alarms.</p> <p>Scan Sensors, Make-up Meter &amp; Flowswitch</p> <p>Note ON times for Solenoids &amp; Pumps</p>	<p>Identify and correct the cause of alarms on sensors and pumps.</p> <p>Make-up water or Pump rate &amp; stroke may have changed. Higher temperatures or make-up chemistry changes may be extending acid pump run times. Debris may have partially blocked the bleed line.</p> <p>A high conductivity may indicate a blocked or failed bleed solenoid. A low conductivity may indicate an overflowing tower basin or a scheduled prebleed before a biocide feed.</p> <p>A high pH may a loss or prime, no acid or a pump timed out on feed limit. A low pH may indicate a siphoning pump or a failed pH sensor.</p> <p>If there's a make-up meter, you'd expect daily volume to increase with temperature. High make-up may indicate a stuck make-up float. No make-up may indicate a valved-off or faulted meter &amp; a cause of low run time on the inhibitor pump.</p> <p>If the tower in on line, verify the Flowswitch shows ON.</p> <p>If you check at the same time every day you would expect the bleed solenoid and inhibitor pumps ON times to vary only with temperature. No Bleed solenoid time may indicate a fouled conductivity sensor.</p> <p>Typical cooling towers bleed no more than 40% of the time and feed 5-10% of the time. At noon you'd expect to see 100 to 200 minutes of bleed &amp; 20 to 50 minutes in inhibitor pump time.</p> <p>If this morning was a biocide feed day, verify that the Biocide ON time shows the event time.</p>

Frequency	Activity	Method
Weekly	Verify Conductivity	<p>Sample the tower water conductivity. Verify controller matches sample +/-25uS Conductivity sensors should not drift or require cleaning.</p> <p>Scaling sensors may indicate a restricted bleed, varying make-up alkalinity, incorrect setpoints or water treatment program.</p> <p>Fouled sensors may indicate organic, biofilms, oils or silica. Depending on the type of foulant, a change in program or a switch in the bleed control method may be required.</p>
	Verify pH	<p>Verify controller pH matches sampled pH +/-0.1pH. If the conductivity sensors is fouling, usually the pH sensor also fouls.</p>
	Note Make-up Volume	<p>Weekly water usage indicates both average tower load and maximum daily temperature. High water usage may result from a change in controller setpoints or a leak or overflow in the cooling water system.</p>
	Verify Flowswitch	<p><b>Close the upstream sample line isolation valve then the downstream valve</b> &amp; verify that the Flowswitch displays OFF.</p>
	'Y' Strainer Filter	<p>If the sample line has a 'Y' strainer, clean the filter to prevent a unplanned 'no flow' outage.</p> <p><b>Open the downstream, then the upstream valve</b> and verify that the Flowswitch displays ON.</p>
	System Check	<p>Visually inspect sample-injection piping for leaking fittings, feed injection points and sensor entries.</p>

**Sidebar:** Maintenance Guidelines for water treatment are set by the chemical treatment program vendor.

Frequency	Activity	Method
Yearly	pH Sensor	<p>The service life of an pH sensor is reduced by extreme temperature swings and frequent removal for calibration-cleaning. Incorrect sample line isolation valve sequencing stresses the sensor seal &amp; shortens sensor life.</p> <p>Replace the pH sensor annually.</p>
	Calibrate Conductivity Tester	<p>Verify the conductivity tester annually with a calibration solution using a solution that's as close as possible to the controller conductivity setpoints.</p> <p>Replace outdated calibration solutions.</p>
	Replace pH test solutions. Verify pH tester	<p>If you are using pH calibration solutions, replace outdated solutions. If you are using a pH tester, re-calibrate it using a test solution.</p>
	Observe a Bleed Control Cycle	<p>Observe as the tower cycles up and the conductivity exceeds the Turn ON setpoint. Observe the unobstructed flow from the bleed line, if its visible.</p> <p>Note the conductivity when the float opens the make-up line. Verify that the bleed solenoid shuts off flow when the conductivity falls below the lower setpoint.</p> <p>Note the conductivity when the float closes the make-up line. Verify that the difference between Make-up ON &amp; OFF conductivities is greater than the difference between Setpoint TurnON &amp; TurnOFF conductivities.</p> <p>Optimal control occurs when the bleed setpoint deadband (TurnON – TurnOFF) in <u>less</u> than the make-up float ON-OFF conductivity difference.</p>
	Verify Water Meter	<p>If a make-up water meter is installed, verify that the controller measures an increase in make-up volume while the make-up float opens the make-up line.</p> <p>Is the expected volume measured for the size of the line and the float ON time?</p> <p>If not, the meter Volume/Contact or 'K' factor may have been set incorrectly or the water meter may have been cabled in a common conduit with AC power.</p>



Frequency	Activity	Method
Yearly	<p>Observe an Acid Feed Cycle.</p> <p>(This may take some time, but it's worth doing whenever you make changes to setpoints or when make-up chemistry changes)</p>	<p>Observe the slow rise in pH as the tower evaporates water and increases alkalinity.</p> <p>Note the time when the Acid pump turns ON.</p> <p>Initially there may be a delay in pH response as acid feeds depending on feed point, pump setting and the time for acidified water to reach the sensor.</p> <p>Note the elapsed time when the Acid pump turns OFF.</p> <p>pH will continue to fall after the Acid pump turns OFF due to pumping and sump transit delay.</p> <p>If this is a fully loaded tower on a hot day, then the pump elapsed time should be nominally <math>\frac{3}{4}</math> of the Feed Limit timer setting to prevent nuisance trips.</p> <p>The piping-sump delay between adding acid and measuring the change in pH widens the effective ON-OFF control range.</p> <p>The effect is minimized by using TurnON and TurnOFF setpoints not more than 0.1pH apart.</p> <p>If you change the tower bleed setpoints, therefore it's pH, you'll need to adjust the Acid pump Feed Limit.</p> <p>If you are not using Control Verification, then acid feed requires regular maintenance to verify that the pH sensor is reading correctly and the Feed Limit timer is set correctly to prevent an acid overfeed and resulting corrosion.</p> <p>A Feed Limit timer set too short, will trip and result in no acid feed with possible scaling of heat exchanger tubing.</p>

## 4.1 Spare Parts

### 4.1.1 Line Fuse

Protects	Rating / Type	Manufacturer – Vendor
Controller, Pumps and Bleed Solenoid	5 Amps @ 115VAC 2 Amps @ 230VAC 5mm x 20mm, Fast Acting	Littlefuse, Type 217, 250VAC Digikey Part# F953-ND Digikey Part# F950-ND <a href="http://www.digikey.com">www.digikey.com</a> 1-800-344-4539

### 4.1.2 Controller Parts

Part#	Description
SFuse	120VAC Fuse Kit, 10 x 5A Controller Fuses,
CTF	Conductivity-Temperature-Flows witch sensor
CTF-Entry	Conductivity entry fitting for PVC ¾" NPT 'T' fitting
A261100A	12mm pH sensor
A261103	pH sensor holder, ¾" NPT slip
CO-IN-PH-TB-NS	Spare Controller without sensors & entry fittings
R171232	Enclosure LAN cable entry weather seal
R171230	Enclosure Power cable entry fitting, PG11
R171231	Enclosure Sensor cable entry fitting, PG9

### On-Line Help

Browse to [www.Aquatrac.com/help](http://www.Aquatrac.com/help) with the 3 digit HELP#' from the controller LCD display.  
LCD display HELP numbers are preceded by '?'

### Users Manual

Download **AQCP\_F\_User** from [www.Aquatrac.com](http://www.Aquatrac.com)

Manual Version	Detail
05/06	First release of manual
5/07	Adds CSA required descriptors & installation advisory

## Appendix A: INSTALL

### A.1 PLUMBING

Typical sample-chemical injection piping operates at 40-60psi and is plumbed in SCH80 PVC. Sample piping is usually fed from the discharge side of the re-circulation pump, returning to either the suction side of the pump or to the tower basin.

Ensure that the sample piping flow exceeds 1 GPM and that the sample stream represents the tower water.

Avoid sample piping which drains whenever the tower is off-line. Solids will accumulate on the sensors requiring re-calibration and cleaning.

A backcheck may be required at some sites to prevent reverse flow through the injection-sensor piping when the recirculation pump is OFF.

'Y' strainers in the sample loop are not recommended unless the debris will mechanically damage the pH or conductivity sensors. Strainer filters are usually the first location to plug, turning OFF pumps and the bleed solenoid on no flow.

**NEW CONSTRUCTION:** After pressure testing, valve OFF the sample piping during post-construction re-circulation piping cleaning and passivation.

### A.2 SENSORS

Conductivity sensors may be installed in any orientation which allows them to be removed for cleaning. Do not hang conductivity sensors in metallic tower sumps.

pH sensors must be installed vertically, tip down to prevent air blocking of the reference junction.

Water meter and sensor wiring cannot be installed in the same conduit as 120VAC power, pump or solenoid wiring. Even a short section of shared conduit may cause operational problems.

Conductivity, flowswitch and water meter sensor wires may be extended up to 200 feet using multiple pair AWG22 cable. Always splice sensor wires in an electrical fitting to allow both inspection and sensor replacement.

**Do not extend pH sensor wiring.**

Extend the conductivity sensor using the same colors as the sensor to avoid wiring errors at the controller terminals.

Contact head water meters and mechanical flowswitches are not polarized, simplifying cable extension.

**CAUTION:** Three wire turbine-paddlewheel meters are polarity sensitive and can be permanently damaged by miswiring. Wait until you are ready to start-up the controller before connecting this type of meter to the controller. Meter wiring errors are easily detected and corrected at start-up.

### A.3 CHEMICAL INJECTION

Inject water treatment chemicals downstream of sensors as recommended by the chemical supplier. Do not inject acid or oxidants upstream of a recirculating pump or condenser – heat exchanger.

**CAUTION:** Acid injection is exothermic, heating water at the injection location. PVC injection piping can be heated to failure under low flow or high feed rates. Acid is therefore frequently injected directly into the tower sump or into the recirculation line using a quill. Select a sump location where mixing will occur and acid pooling will not occur,

#### **A.4 BLEED LOCATION**

The optimum bleed solenoid location is after the condenser – heat exchanger.

Never install the bleed on the sample line, upstream of the sensors and flowswitch.

If you are installing a bleed solenoid on the tower sump, ensure that the head or pressure at the bleed solenoid is sufficient to operate the solenoid.

Verify that the solenoid is sized for the maximum tower load at the target cycles, on the hottest day of summer. If the bleed is on for more than 50% of the time, inhibitor feed options will be limited.

#### **A.5 MAKE-UP METER**

Ensure that the meter manufacturer's recommendations for orientation and upstream and downstream piping are observed.

Orientation may be limited for contact head meters, while straight upstream and downstream piping is required to prevent errors in turbine-paddlewheel meters.

Contact head meters have a Gallon/Contact or Liter/Contact rating. In some meters this value can be altered by moving magnets or gears. Typical meters are rated 10, 50 & 100 Gallons/contact.

Turbine-Paddlewheel meters have a 'K' Factor which is the number of pulses / Gallon or pulses/Liter. Some manufacturers have both nominal values listed by meter size and calibration values on the meter body.

Take the time to get the meter volume/contact or 'K' factor correct, since most meters are used to control inhibitor feed and inhibitor ppm errors result when meters are incorrectly configured.

#### **A.6 CONTROLLER ENCLOSURE**

The optimum location for sensors, controller, chemical pumps and drums is as close together as access allows. You'll be able to see where all the wires, plugs and tubing goes, watch pumps turn ON as you prime, grab samples to calibrate sensors...

If you have the space; sample piping on the left, pumps & drums on the right with the controller in the middle.

Wall mount the controller enclosure at eye height for a 5' to 5'6" person so that an operator does not have to reach over drums or pumps to use the controller key pad.

In areas with daily ambient temperatures over 100F, 40C, locate the controller out of direct sunlight or beneath a sunshade. Internal temperatures over 115F, 45C will degrade the controller display.

Do not punch conduit access holes in the top of the enclosure to avoid condensation damage to the controller electronics.

Plug the controller into a dedicated, 'Always ON' utility outlet. Maximum controller current @ 120VAC is 5 Amps.

## Appendix B: SPECIFICATIONS

Each controller includes an option card slot.

Auto re-configuration occurs on installation of one of LAN, 4-20mA Output  
OR Alarm Relay option card.

Analog – Digital I/O	Rating - Detail	Notes
Conductivity Flowswitch Sensor	1 Temperature Compensated conductivity sensor. Displays 1uS resolution. Rated 100psi, 35-120F, 2-50C Flowswitch switches @ 1GPM	Conductivity autoranging from 100uS to 10000uS.  Flowswitch, Max. 30 second ON-OFF & OFF-ON response over rated temperature.
pH	1 pH sensor, 1-14pH Displays 0.01pH resolution. Measures 0.003pH resolution Rated 100psi, 35-120F	Includes solution ground.
Water Meter Flowswitch	Flowswitch, Dry Contacts, 250mS response. Water Meter, 400 Hz max 0.5mA @ 5VDC measurement current	Contact head meter software debounced.  Turbine-Paddle wheel rating = Seametrics max pulse rate.
Relay Outputs	4 SPST,	Relays rated 10A, 120VAC Controller fused @ 5 Amps
4-20 ma Output on conductivity (‘CL’ optional card)	1, DC isolated, loop powered. Nominal 0.1% resolution. Auto polarity correction field wiring.	Alarm on open loop. Auto-configure on Driver installation and removal Software calibration of span & zero
Alarm Relay (‘AR’ optional card)	Dry contact set. Rated 500mA @ 24VDC	Closed in the non-alarmed state. Contact set opens on alarm or loss of controller power.

Communications User Interface	Rating – Detail	Notes
Keypad - LCD	5 Key Tactile feedback: UP / DOWN / ENTER / EXIT / RIGHT 2 Line x 16 Character, Backlit	Scan rate 100mS nominal User adjustable LCD contrast
Browser (‘LB’ optional card)	10BaseT Ethernet RJ45 Jack Full command & control via browser. XML real time controller data	User set fixed IP. Fixed MAC

## SlimFlex: Water Treatment Controller

Controls	Rating - Detail	Notes
Bleed Solenoid	Controls: Conductivity, Water Meter & Percentage Time.	
Inhibitor Pump	Controls: Bleed & Feed, Bleed then Feed, Feed on Volume & Percentage Time Daily feed limit timer.	User sets % of Bleed ON time used for Inhibitor feed. User selected block on Oxidant & Biocide feed.
Acid Pump	Controls: pH & Volume-Time. Feed limit timer on each ON-OFF sequence.	User selected reset of feed limit timeout at midnight.
Biocide (Timed Events)	28 Events in a cycle. 1 minute resolution Lockout, Prebleed on both time and conductivity.	User selected 1, 7 or 28 day cycle.
Thermal Flowswitch	Bleed Solenoid & Pumps OFF when no flow.	CTF sensor combines Conductivity-Temperature-Flowswitch in one sensor. Flowswitch trips at 1GPM within 30 seconds.

System	Rating - Detail	Notes
Controller Configuration	User settings and biocide events written on silicon.	Makes current configuration factory default.
Clock	Battery backed, 5 years of normal usage.	CR2032 clock battery available at Radio Shack.

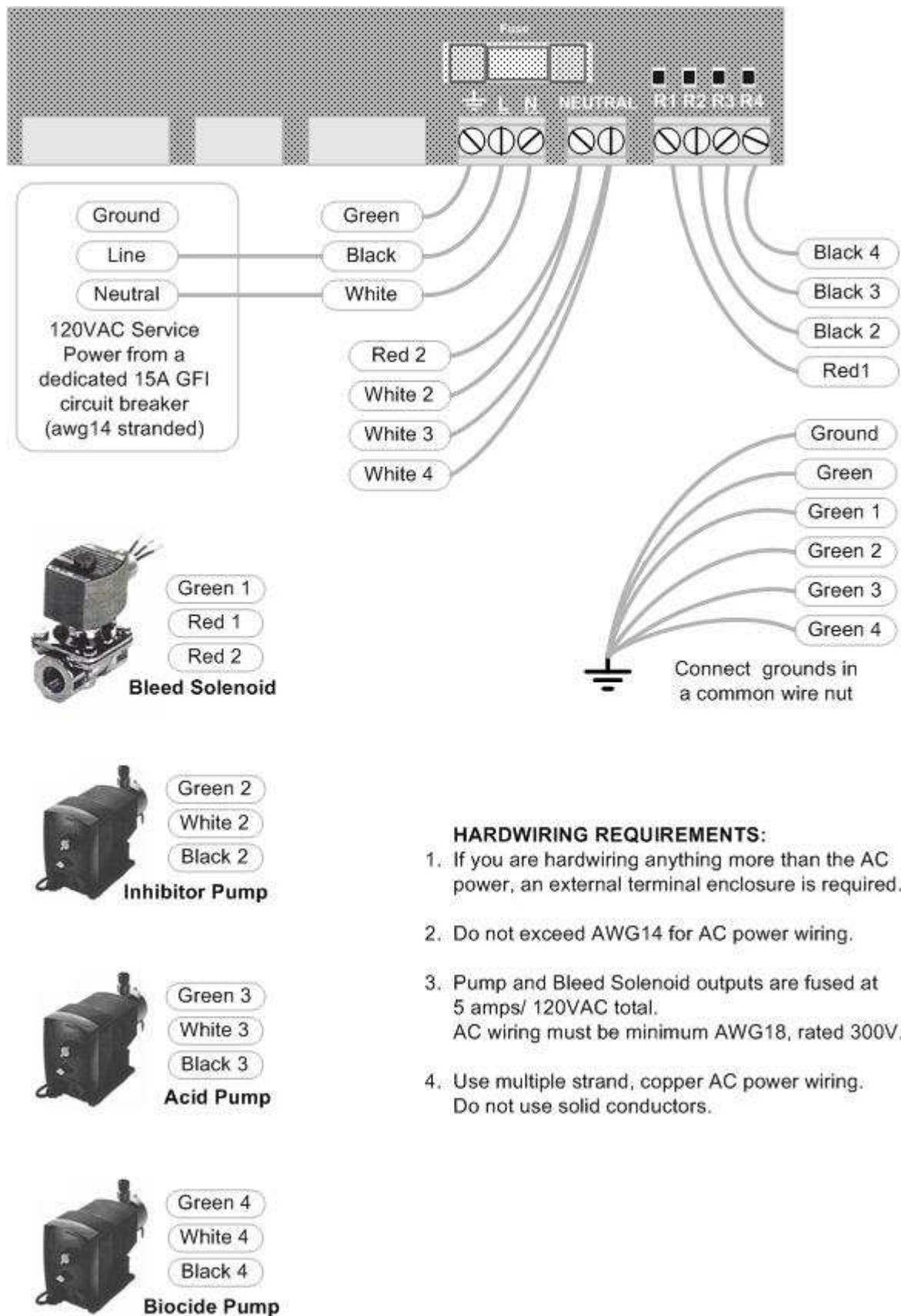
## SlimFlex: Water Treatment Controller

Electrical	Rating - Detail	Notes
AC Input	115 or 230 VAC, 50/60Hz,	Switch selectable
Fusing	5 Amps @ 120VAC 2 Amps @ 240VAC	5x20mm, 120VAC fusing:
Surge-Spike Suppression	Bleed solenoid relay contacts snubbed 0.1uF, 150R Varistor on AC power input	Controller electronics transformer isolated from AC line
AC Terminals	AC Input & Output : maximum. Stranded AWG 14, 150mm <sup>2</sup>	
Sensor, Digital Input Terminals	AWG 22, 0.25 – 0.50mm <sup>2</sup>	
Paddlewheel Meter Power 4-20mA output loop power	14 – 20 VDC, unregulated Thermally fused @ 50mA	4-20mA output option can be powered by load or by controller

Mechanical	Rating	Notes
Enclosure	Non-metallic, NEMA4X, IP65 7"W x 6"H x 4"D 180mm W x 150mm H x 100mm D  Pollution degree 2 Installation category II Altitude 2000m Humidity up to 85% Temperature: 5C to 40C Rated for indoor use	Nominal dimensions, excluding entry fittings and flexible conduit. Enclosure door hinged left. Allow 12", right for pump Allow 18", below for cable-conduit access.



## Appendix C: HARDWIRING

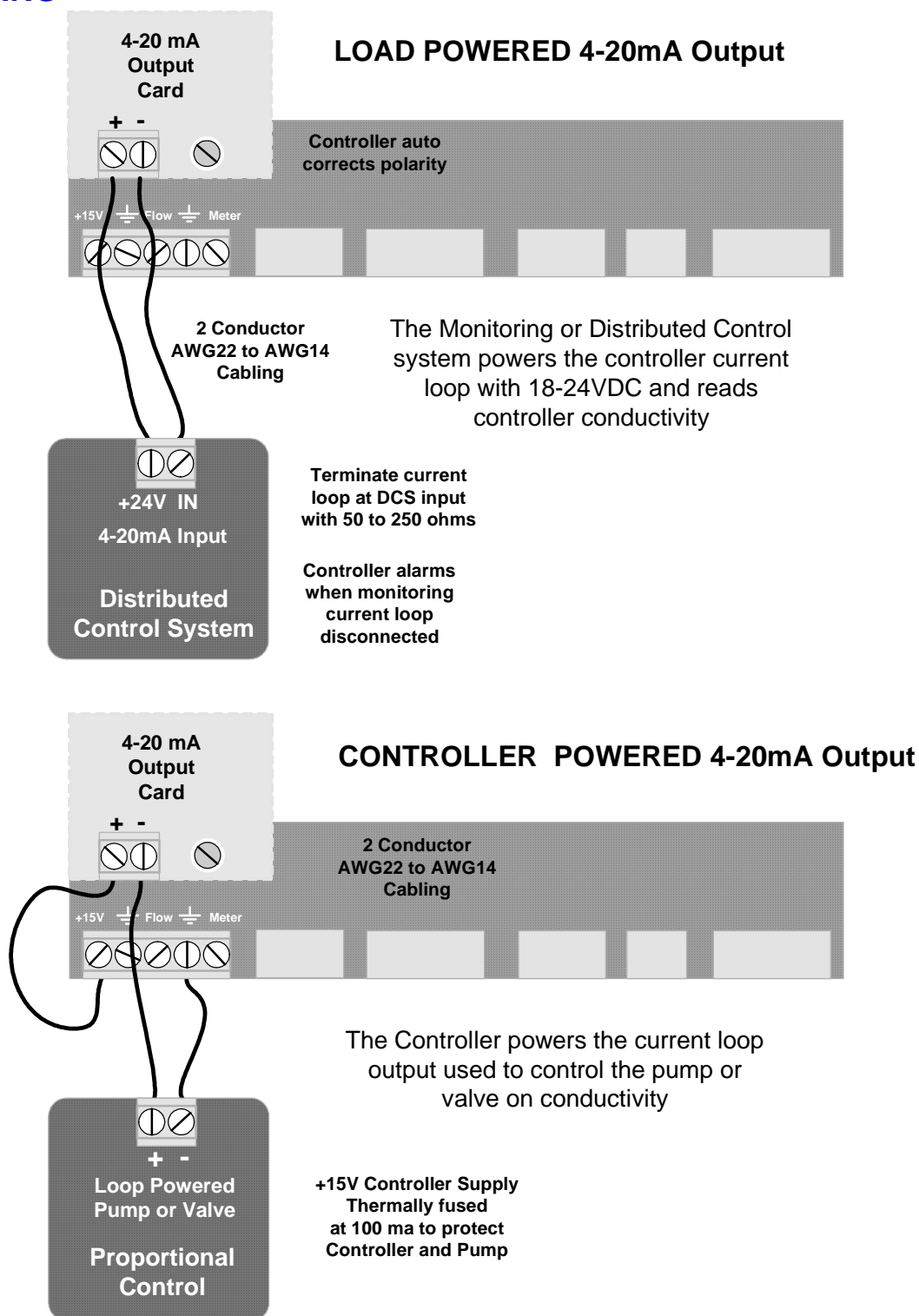




## Appendix D: 'CL' 4-20mA Output Option

The optional 4-20mA output on conductivity is DC isolated from the controller & may be either powered by the load or by the controller DC supply. The 4-20mA output is auto-polarity correcting & detects an open or unpowered loop.

### D1. WIRING



## Appendix D: 'CL' 4-20mA Output Option

### D.2 VIEW & ADJUST SPAN

The displayed value of the 4-20mA loop current depends on both the conductivity and the Span

If the current loop output is disconnected you'll see this display in place of the mA level.

Press ENTER @ Select Span to view or adjust the Span  
Span sets the conductivity at 4mA & at 20mA

Press ENTER @ Trim Zero to calibrate the 4mA level

Press ENTER @ Trim Span to calibrate the 20mA level

#### View & Adjust Span

Press ENTER @ 4-20mA Output  
& then DOWN to Select Span  
Press ENTER.

Displays current Span.  
Press ENTER to adjust 4mA level  
or DOWN & ENTER to adjust 20mA level.

Press RIGHT to place the underline  
under the digit you wish to adjust.  
Press UP – DOWN to adjust.

ENTER updates the Span.  
EXIT leaves Span unchanged

4-20mA Output    ←↵  
15.4mA

OR

4-20mA Output    ←↵  
Disconnected!



Select Span    ←↵  
Trim Zero        ↓



Trim Zero        ←↵  
Trim Span        ↓



Trim Span        ←↵  
Select Span       ↓

Select Span    ←↵  
Trim Zero        ↓



4mA=    100uS    ←↵  
20mA=   5000uS   ↓



Edit & ENTER    ←↵  
4mA=    2500uS    →↕



4mA=    2500uS    ←↵  
20mA=   5000uS   ↓

**SlimFlex: Water Treatment Controller**  
**Appendix D: 'CL' 4-20mA Output Option**  
**D.3 CALIBRATE**

Calibration is seldom necessary & is used to correct to offset errors.

The range of Zero & Span adjustment is limited.

If you are not able to calibrate:

A: Verify your milli-ammeter      B: If Load Powered, verify you have at least 15VDC available.

Press ENTER & then DOWN  
at 4-20mA Output

4-20mA Output    ⏏  
15.4mA



Press ENTER at Trim Zero to adjust the 4mA level.

Trim Zero    ⏏  
Trim Span    ⏏



Connect a DC milli-ammeter in series  
with either of the current loop wires.

Trim Zero    ?201  
now 4mA    6    ⏏



Press UP or DOWN until you read 4mA on the milli-ammeter.

Press ENTER to view the output current and verify that the  
milli-ammeter reads the same current.

4-20mA Output    ⏏  
15.2mA

Press ENTER & then DOWN  
at 4-20mA Output

4-20mA Output    ⏏  
15.4mA



Press ENTER at Trim Span to adjust the 20mA level.

Trim Span    ⏏  
Select Span    ⏏



Connect a DC milli-ammeter in series  
with either of the current loop wires.

Trim Span    ?202  
now 20mA    91    ⏏



Press UP or DOWN until you read 20mA  
on the milli-ammeter.

Press ENTER to view the output current and verify that the  
milli-ammeter reads the same current.

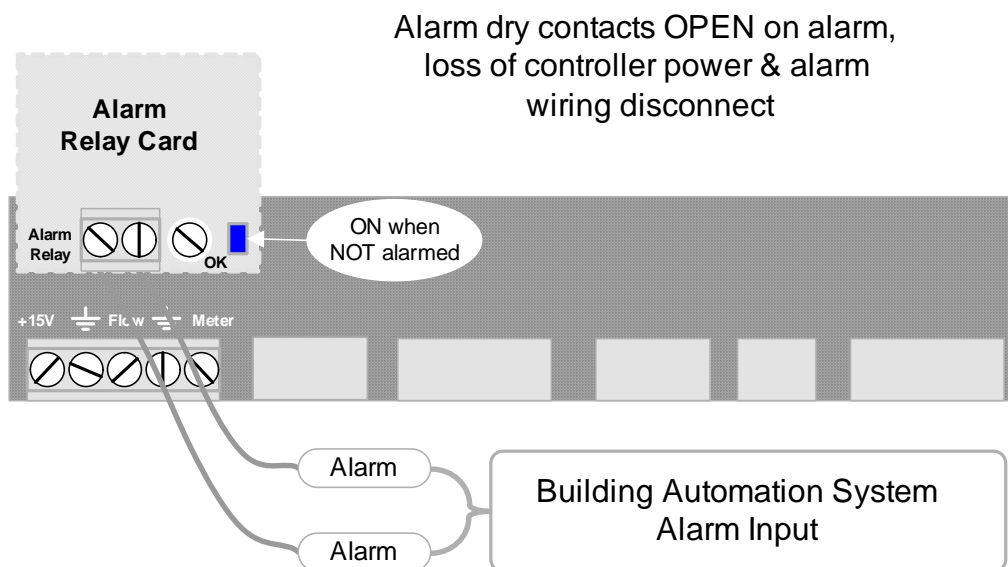
4-20mA Output    ⏏  
15.2mA

## Appendix E: 'AR' Alarm Relay Option

### E.1 WIRING ALARM CONTACTS

Alarm contacts rated 500mA at 24VDC.

Requires optional Alarm Relay Card



Wire alarm contacts AWG22 to  
AWG18, 2 conductor

### E.2 ALARM DISPLAYS

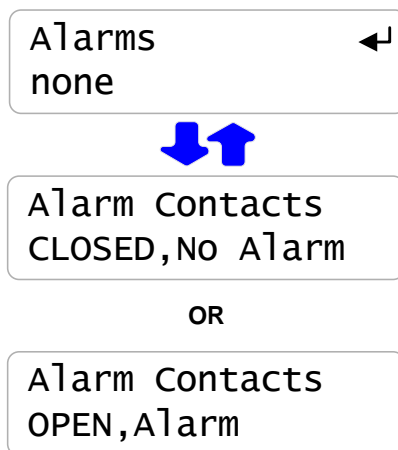
Press UP - DOWN until you see Alarms

If the Alarm Relay Card is installed you'll see one of the  
following displays.

If Alarms & 'none' then the alarm contacts will be closed

Alarm contacts open on alarm.

This display verifies the contact set state measured at the  
Building Automation System input terminals.

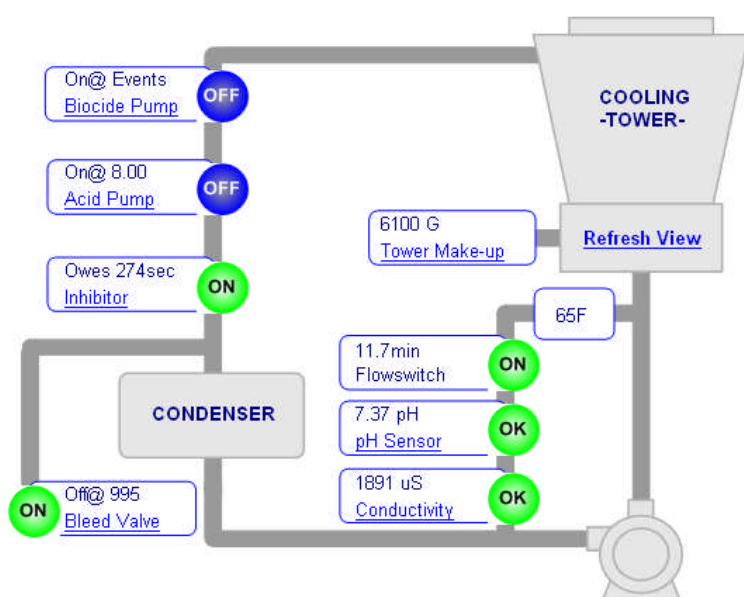


## Appendix F: 'LB' LAN - Browser Option

Download SFlex\_LB manual from [www.Aquatrac.com](http://www.Aquatrac.com)

Do not connect the controller to the site LAN without permission and an IP address from the site IT staff.

You can use a crossover cable to connect to your notebook PC to view the controller state. Information on browsing controllers is available in the SFlex\_LB manual.



### Cooling Tower Controls

2004-10-18 09:04:30

Alarms none

Alarms, Events and Timers ☐ Reset All

Part No. CO-IN-PH-TB

Serial Number U904P9999

Click a link in the View to operate the controller

Setup [Configure](#)

[Submit](#)

[Refresh](#)